TF3000HV SERIES

3000 W Single Output Industrial Grade



PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Advanced Energy's TF3000HV series of industrial grade AC-DC fan-cooled power supply comprises five output models. All models feature industrial safety approvals and accept a universal input of 90 to 264 Vac. These compact switch-mode power supplies feature output over voltage, over temperature, over load, and short circuit protections. The TF3000HV series power supplies provide up to 3000 W of output power with remote setting and global control function.

AT A GLANCE

Total Power

3000 W

Input Voltage

90 to 264 Vac

127 to 370 Vdc

# of Outputs

Single

RoHS

SPECIAL FEATURES

- 3000 W fan-cooled (load & temperature controlled)
- Programmable output voltage (0% to 105%)
- Programmable output current (0% to 105%)
- Forced current sharing at parallel operation
- Constant current limit
- Selectable 5V/0.5A or 9V/0.3A auxiliary output
- Remote setting multiple PSU via RS232, RS485 & I^2C
- Protection: OVP, OLP, OTP, SCP, fan failure
- Conformal coating applied
- Three-year warranty

COMPLIANCE

- EMI Class A, with 6dB margin
- EN 61000 Immunity
- RoHS compliant
- REACH compliant

SAFETY

- CSA/IEC/EN/UL 62368-1
- CB certificate and report
- TUV
- CE (LVD + EMC)
- UKCA Mark

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SECTION 1 MODEL NUMBERS

Model	Output Voltage	Maximum Output Current	Output Power	Auxiliary Output
TF3000A150K	150Vdc	20A	3000W	+5V/0.5A or +9V/0.3A
TF3000A200K	200Vdc	15A	3000W	+5V/0.5A or +9V/0.3A
TF3000A250K	250Vdc	12A	3000W	+5V/0.5A or +9V/0.3A
TF3000A300K	300Vdc	10A	3000W	+5V/0.5A or +9V/0.3A
TF3000A400K	400Vdc	7.5A	3000W	+5V/0.5A or +9V/0.3A

Options

No Options

Family Comparison

Model Number	Output Voltages	Output Power	Auxiliary Output	Dimension
TF800 Series	12V, 15V, 24V, 30V, 36V,48V, 60V	800W	+5V/0.5A or +9V/0.3A selectable	5.0” x 1.6” x 9.80”
TF1500 Series	12V, 15V, 24V, 30V, 36V,48V, 60V	1500W	+5V/0.5A or +9V/0.3A selectable	5.0” x 2.5” x 11.02”
TF3000 Series	12V, 15V, 24V, 30V, 36V, 48V, 60V	3000W	+5V/0.5A or +9V/0.3A selectable	6.7” x 2.5” x 11.02”
TF3000HV Series	150V, 200V, 250V,300V, 400V	3000W	+5V/0.5A or +9V/0.3A selectable	6.69” x 2.5” x 11.02”

SECTION 2 ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

2.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Stress in excess of those listed in the "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the power supply. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the unit is not implied at these or any other conditions above those given in the operational sections of this TRN. Exposure to any absolute maximum rated condition for extended periods may adversely affect the power supply's reliability.

Table 1. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Model	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Input Voltage						
AC continuous operation	All models	$V_{IN,AC}$	90	-	264	Vac
DC continuous operation		$V_{IN,DC}$	127	-	370	Vdc
Maximum Output Power[1]						
$V_{IN,AC}$ > 180Vac	All models	$P_{O,max}$	-	-	3000	W
Isolation Voltage - AC Voltage						
Input to output	All models		-	-	3000	Vac
Input to ground			-	-	1500	Vac
Outputs to ground			-	-	500	Vac
Isolation Voltage - DC Voltage						
Input to output	All models		-	-	4242[2]	Vdc
Input to ground			-	-	2121	Vdc
Outputs to ground			-	-	707	Vdc
Isolation Resistance						
500Vdc	All models		-	-	100	Mohm
Ambient Operating Temperature	All models	T_A	-25	-	+60[3]	^{O}C
Storage Temperature	All models	T_{STG}	-40	-	+85	^{O}C
Humidity (non-condensing)						
Operating	All models		20	-	90	%
Non-operating			10	-	95	%
Altitude						
Operating	All models		-	-	3000	meters
Non-operating			-	-	3000	meters
MTBF	Certified MIL-HDBK-217F		112	-	-	kHours

Note 1 - Refer to derating curve for the max output power with input voltage lower than 180Vac.
Note 2 - This input to output 4242Vdc is done without enclosure. If with enclosure, the input to output isolation voltage is 2121Vdc.
Note 3 - Output power is derated 50% linearly from 50°C to 60°C.

SECTION 2 ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

2.2 Input Specifications

Table 2. Input Specifications

Parameter	Condition	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Operating Input Voltage, AC[1]	All	$V_{IN,AC}$	90	115/230	264	Vac
Operating Input Voltage, DC	All	$V_{IN,DC}$	127	-	370	Vdc
Input AC Frequency	All	f_{IN}	47	50/60	63	Hz
Maximum Input Current	$V_{IN,AC}$ = 115Vac[2] $V_{IN,AC}$ = 230Vac[3]	$I_{IN,max}$	- -	- -	19.7 14.5	A
No Load Input Current (V_O = On, I_O = 0A, I_{AUX} = 0A)	$V_{IN,AC}$ = 115/230Vac	$I_{IN,no-load}$	-	0.3	-	A
No Load Input Power (V_O On, I_O = 0A, I_{AUX} = 0)	$V_{IN,AC}$ = 115/230Vac	$P_{IN,no-load}$	-	10	-	W
Standby Input Current (V_O Off, I_{AUX} = 0)	$V_{IN,AC}$ = 115/230Vac	$I_{IN,Standby}$	-	0.2	-	A
Standby Input Power (V_O Off, I_{AUX} = 0)	$V_{IN,AC}$ = 115/230Vac	$P_{IN,Standby}$	-	6.0	-	W
Harmonic Line Currents	All	THD	IEC 61000-3-2			
Power Factor	I_O = $I_{O,max}$ $V_{IN,AC}$ = 115Vac $V_{IN,AC}$ = 230Vac	PF	0.98 0.95	- -	- -	- -
Startup Surge Current (Inrush) @ 25°C	$V_{IN,AC}$ = 115Vac $V_{IN,AC}$ = 230Vac	$I_{IN,surge}$	- -	- -	33 65	A_{PK}
Leakage Current to Safety Ground	V_{IN} = 240Vac f_{IN} = 60Hz	$I_{IN,leakage}$	-	-	3.5	mA
Input Fuse	Internal, 250Vac rated		-	25	-	A
Efficiency (T_A = 25°C, forced air cooling)	$V_{IN,AC}$ = 230Vac I_O = $I_{O,max}$	η	-	93	-	%

Note 1 - Derating is applied in low input voltage. Check the derating curve for details.
Note 2 - Test with 2000W output power.
Note 3 - Test with 3000W output power.

SECTION 2 ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

2.3 Output Specifications

Table 3. Output Specifications

Parameter		Condition	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Factory Set Voltage	TF3000A150K	$V_{IN,AC}$ = 180Vac $I_O = I_{O,max}$	$V_{O,factory}$	149.25	150	150.75	Vdc
	TF3000A200K			199	200	201	
	TF3000A250K			248.75	250	251.25	
	TF3000A300K			298.5	300	301.5	
	TF3000A400K			398	400	402	
Output Current, continuously	TF3000A150K	$V_{IN,AC}$ > 180Vac	$I_{O,max}$	0	-	20	A
	TF3000A200K			0	-	15	
	TF3000A250K			0	-	12	
	TF3000A300K			0	-	10	
	TF3000A400K			0	-	7.5	
	5V aux output 9V aux output		$I_{AUX,max}$	0 0	- -	0.5 0.3	
Output Ripple, pk-pk	TF3000A150K	Measured at 20MHz bandwidth by a 12" twisted pair-wire terminated with a 0.1µF and a 47µF in parallel capacitor	V_O	-	-	1500	mV
	TF3000A200K			-	-	2000	
	TF3000A250K			-	-	2500	
	TF3000A300K			-	-	3000	
	TF3000A400K			-	-	4000	
Capacitive Load	TF3000A150K	$V_{IN,AC}$ = 230Vac C_O = 1000µF x $I_{O,max}$	C_O	-	-	20000	µF
	TF3000A200K			-	-	15000	
	TF3000A250K			-	-	12000	
	TF3000A300K			-	-	10000	
	TF3000A400K			-	-	7500	
Output Voltage Adjustment Range		By potentiometer VR1 By VCI programming	$\%V_O$	-5 0	- -	+5 105	%
Line Regulation		All models	$\%V_O$	-1	-	+1	%
Load Regulation		All models	$\%V_O$	-1	-	+1	%
Total Regulation		Inclusive of setup time tolerance, line, load regulation	$\%V_O$	-2	-	2	%
V_O Dynamic Response Peak Deviation Settling Time		50% load change, slew rate = 1A/µs	$\%V_O$ t_s	-3.5 -	- -	3.5 300	% µs
Turn On Overshoot		$I_O = I_{O,max}$	$\%V_O$	-	-	5	%

SECTION 2 ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

2.3 Output Specifications

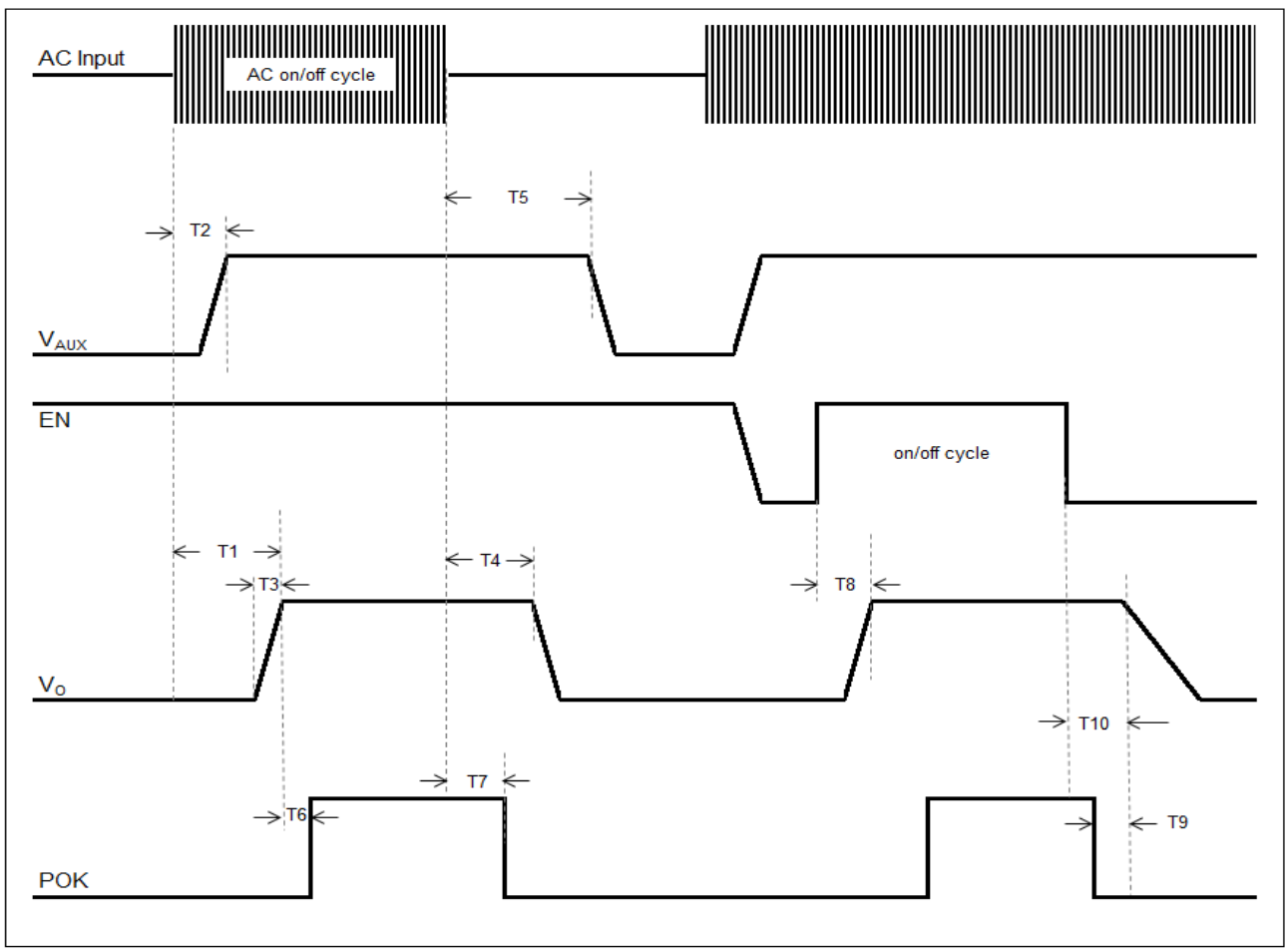
Table 3. Output Specifications con't						
Parameter	**Condition**	**Symbol**	**Min**	**Typ**	**Max**	**Unit**
Number of Parallel Units[1]	PAR pins connected		-	-	8	Units
V_O Over Voltage Protection[2]	Latch off	$\%V_O$	113	120	127	%
V_O Over Load Protection	Constant current	$\%I_O$	-	105	-	%
Over Temperature Protection	Measured on NTC Auto-recovery	T_{NTC}	80	85	90	^{O}C
Short Circuit Protection	All		Constant Current Mode, Auto Recovery			

Note 1 - In parallel connection only one unit will operate if the total output load is less than 5% of the rated power.
Note 2 - Variable OVP. Refer to OVP section.

SECTION 2 ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

2.4 System Timing Specifications

Label	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
T1	Turn-on delay - V_O	-	-	1100	ms
T2	Turn-on delay - V_{AUX}	-	-	100	ms
T3	Rise time, 10% V_O to 90% V_O from 230Vac input at 100% load	-	-	300	ms
T4	Hold up time - All outputs stay within regulation after loss of AC. Measured at 230Vac, full load.	14	-	-	ms
T5	Hold up time - V_{AUX} stays within regulation after loss of AC	100	-	-	ms
T6	Delay from output voltages within regulation limits to POK asserted at turn on.	-	100	-	ms
T7	Delay from loss of AC to de-assertion of POK (full load).	-	30	-	ms
T8	Delay from EN active to output voltage within regulation limits.	-	80	-	ms
T9	Delay from POK de-asserted to output voltages out of regulation limits.	-	15	-	ms
T10	Delay from EN deactive to output voltage out of regulation.	-	15	-	ms



SECTION 2 ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

2.5 TF3000A150K Performance Curves

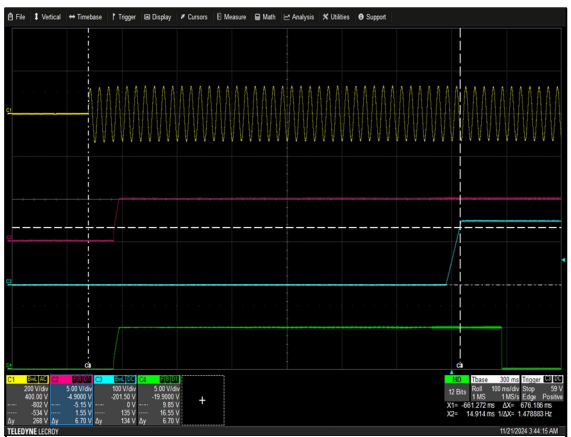


Figure 1: TF3000A150K Turn-on delay via AC mains
V_{IN} = 90Vac Load: Io = 10A, V_{AUX} = 5V, I_{AUX} = 0.5A
Ch 1: V_{IN} Ch 2: V_{AUX} Ch 3: Vo Ch 4: POK

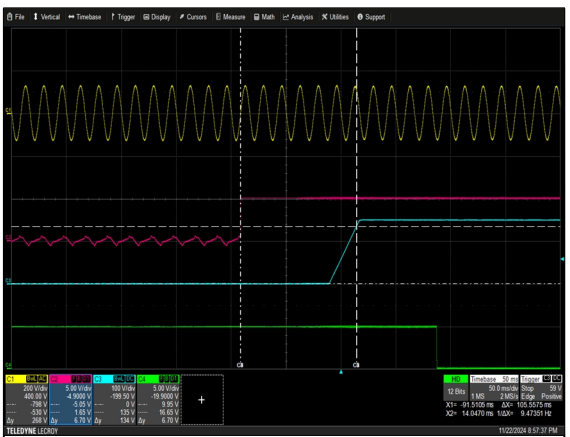


Figure 2: TF3000A150K Turn-on delay via EN
V_{IN} = 90Vac Load: Io = 10A, V_{AUX} = 5V, I_{AUX} = 0.5A
Ch 1: V_{IN} Ch 2: EN Ch 3: Vo Ch 4: POK

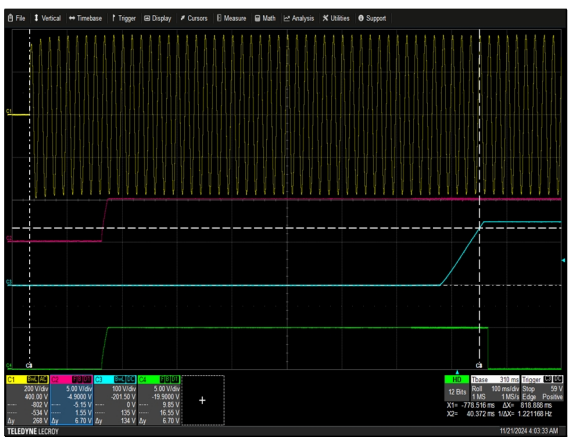


Figure 3: TF3000A150K Turn-on delay via AC mains
V_{IN} = 264Vac Load: Io = 20A, V_{AUX} = 5V, I_{AUX} = 0.5A
Ch 1: V_{IN} Ch 2: V_{AUX} Ch 3: Vo Ch 4: POK

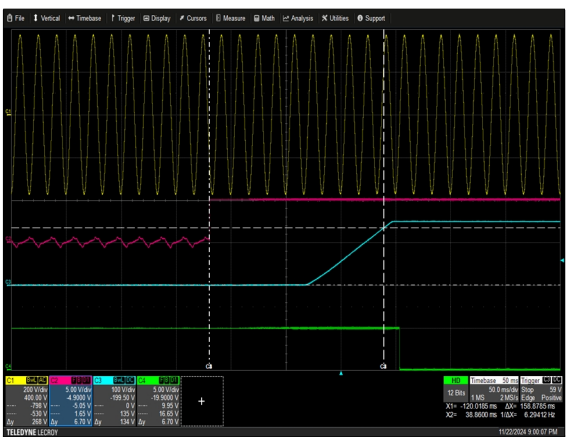


Figure 4: TF3000A150K Turn-on delay via EN
V_{IN} = 264Vac Load: Io = 20A, V_{AUX} = 5V, I_{AUX} = 0.5A
Ch 1: V_{IN} Ch 2: EN Ch 3: Vo Ch 4: POK



Figure 5: TF3000A150K Hold-up Time
V_{IN} = 90Vac Load: Io = 10A, V_{AUX} = 5V, I_{AUX} = 0.5A
Ch 1: V_{IN} Ch 2: V_{AUX} Ch 3: Vo Ch 4: POK

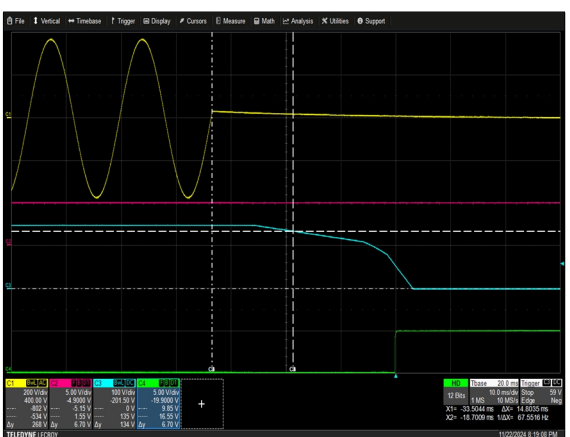


Figure 6: TF3000A150K Hold-up Time
V_{IN} = 264Vac Load: Io = 20A, V_{AUX} = 5V, I_{AUX} = 0.5A
Ch 1: V_{IN} Ch 2: V_{AUX} Ch 3: Vo Ch 4: POK

SECTION 2 ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

2.5 TF3000A150K Performance Curves

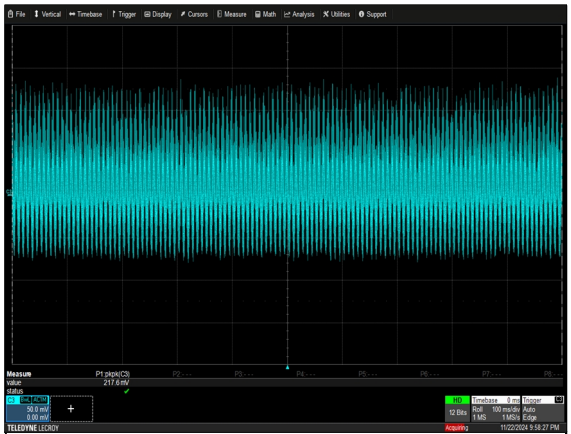


Figure 7: TF3000A150K Ripple and Noise Measurement
V_{IN} = 230Vac Load: Io = 20A
Ch 3: Vo

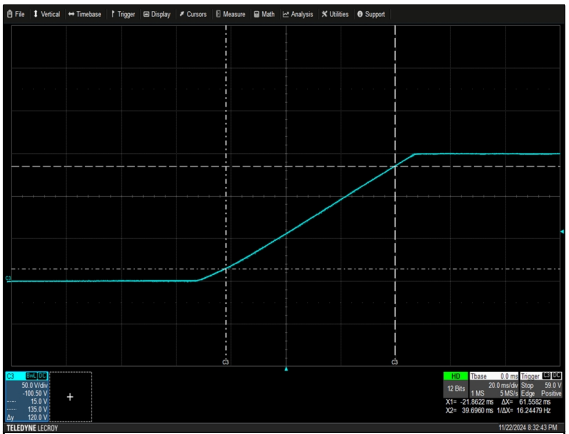


Figure 8: TF3000A150K Output Voltage Startup
V_{IN} = 230Vac Load: Io = 20A
Ch 3: Vo

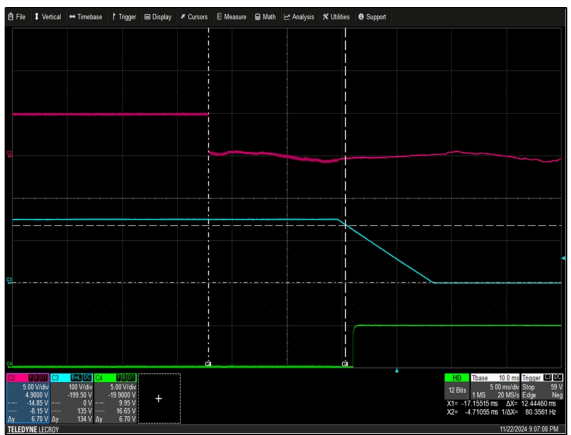


Figure 9: TF3000A150K Turn Off Characteristic via EN
V_{IN} = 230Vac Load: Io = 20A
Ch 2: EN Ch 3: Vo Ch 4: POK

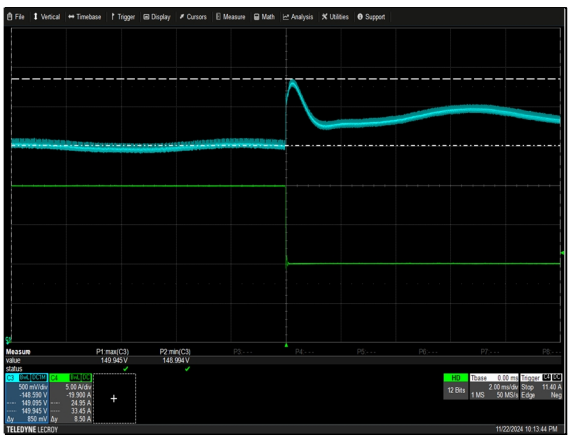


Figure 10: TF3000A150K Transient Response - Vo Deviation
100% to 50% load change 1A/µs slew rate V_{IN} = 230Vac
Ch 3: Vo Ch 4: Io

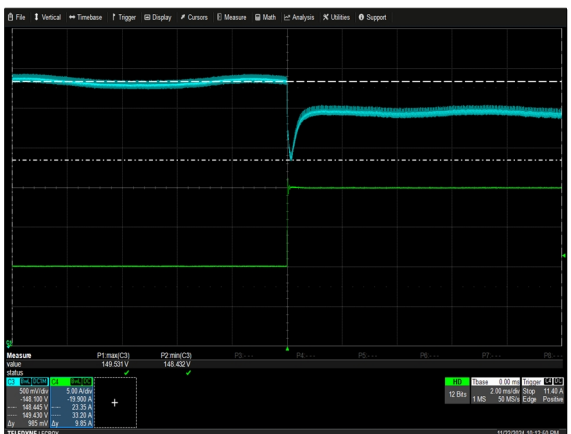


Figure 11: TF3000A150K Transient Response - Vo Deviation
50% to 100% load change 1A/µs slew rate V_{IN} = 230Vac
Ch 3: Vo Ch 4: Io

SECTION 2 ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

2.5 TF3000A150K Performance Curves

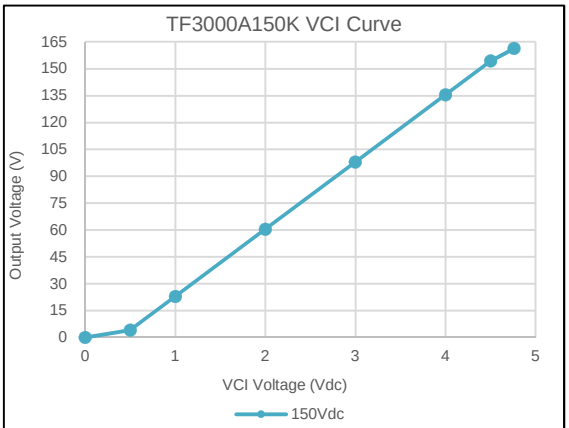


Figure 12: TF3000A150K Output Voltage Adjustment by VCI @ 25°C

Io = 0A

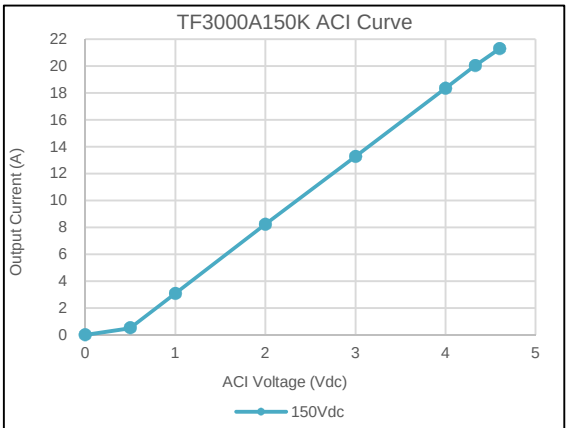


Figure 13: TF3000A150K Output Current Adjustment by ACI @ 25°C

Vo = 150V

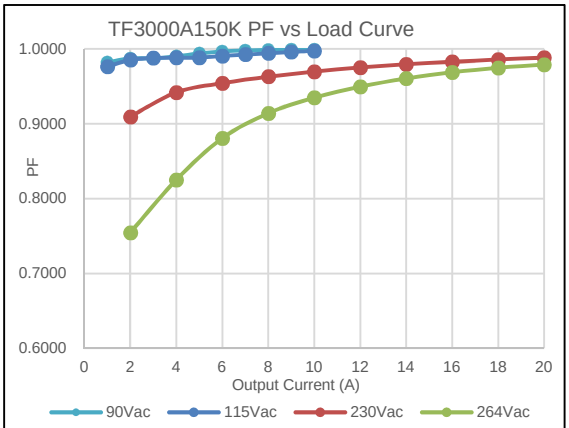


Figure 14: TF3000A150K PF vs Load Curve

Loading: I_{o_main} = 10%$I_{o,max}$ increment to $I_{o,max}$

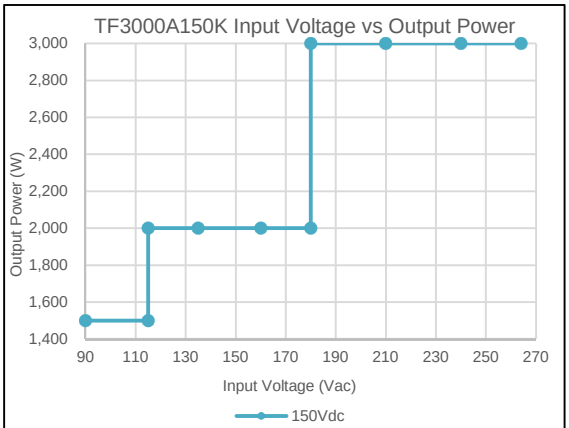


Figure 15: TF3000A150K Input Voltage vs Output Power Curve

Loading: I_{o_main} = $I_{o,max}$

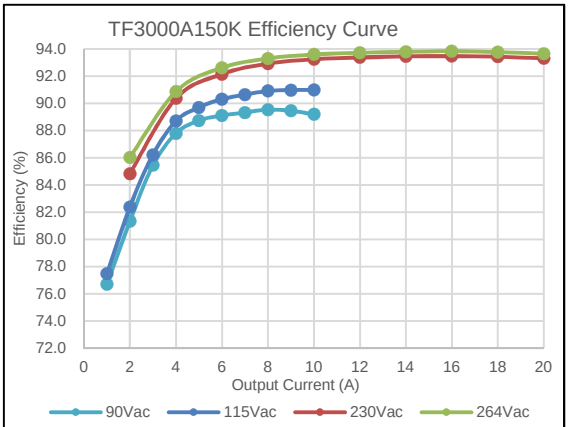


Figure 16: TF3000A150K Efficiency Curve @ 25°C

Loading: I_{o_main} = 10%$I_{o,max}$ increment to $I_{o,max}$

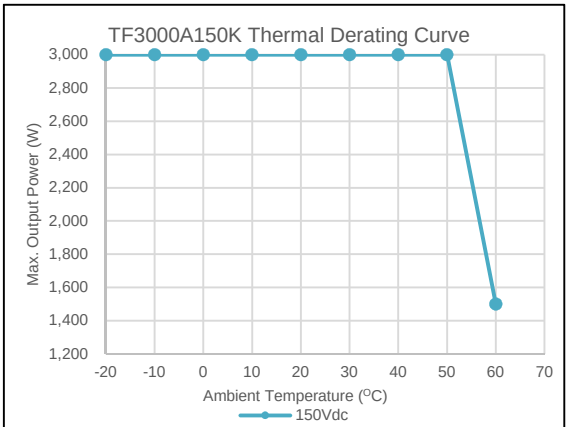


Figure 17: TF3000A150K Thermal Derating Curves

V_{IN} = 230Vac

SECTION 2 ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

2.5 TF3000A200K Performance Curves

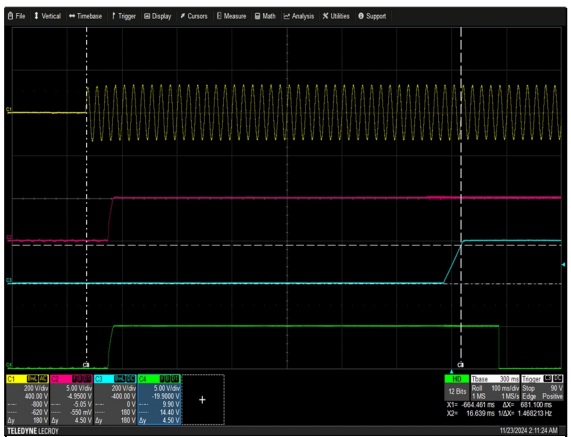


Figure 18: TF3000A200K Turn-on delay via AC mains
V_{IN} = 90Vac Load: Io = 7.5A, V_{AUX} = 5V, I_{AUX} = 0.5A
Ch 1: V_{IN} Ch 2: V_{AUX} Ch 3: Vo Ch 4: POK

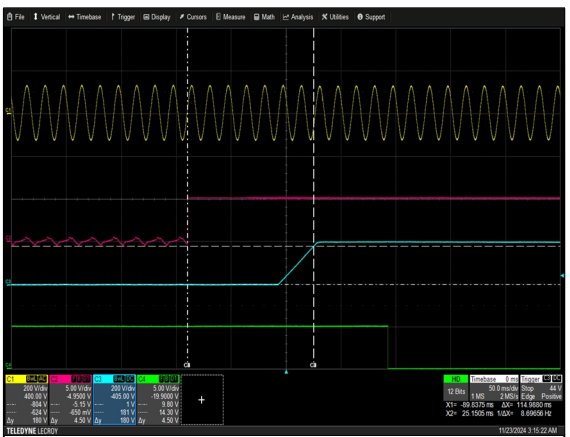


Figure 19: TF3000A200K Turn-on delay via EN
V_{IN} = 90Vac Load: Io = 7.5A, V_{AUX} = 5V, I_{AUX} = 0.5A
Ch 1: V_{IN} Ch 2: EN Ch 3: Vo Ch 4: POK

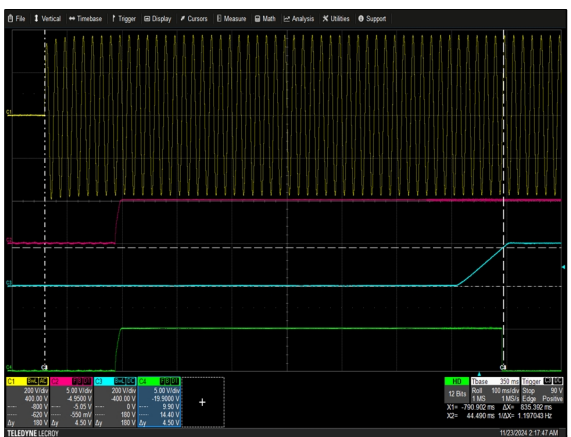


Figure 20: TF3000A200K Turn-on delay via AC mains
V_{IN} = 264Vac Load: Io = 15A, V_{AUX} = 5V, I_{AUX} = 0.5A
Ch 1: V_{IN} Ch 2: V_{AUX} Ch 3: Vo Ch 4: POK



Figure 21: TF3000A200K Turn-on delay via EN
V_{IN} = 264Vac Load: Io = 15A, V_{AUX} = 5V, I_{AUX} = 0.5A
Ch 1: V_{IN} Ch 2: EN Ch 3: Vo Ch 4: POK



Figure 22: TF3000A200K Hold-up Time
V_{IN} = 90Vac Load: Io = 7.5A, V_{AUX} = 5V, I_{AUX} = 0.5A
Ch 1: V_{IN} Ch 2: V_{AUX} Ch 3: Vo Ch 4: POK

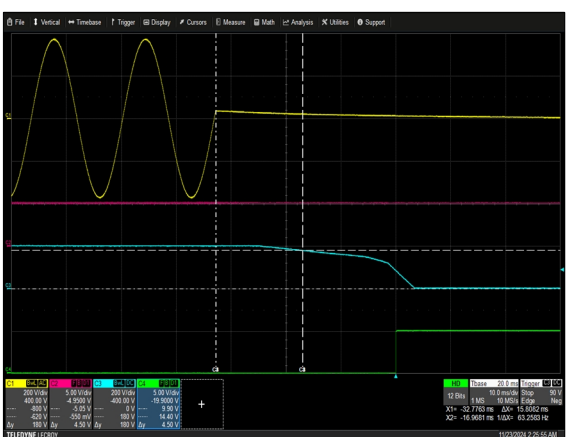


Figure 23: TF3000A200K Hold-up Time
V_{IN} = 264Vac Load: Io = 15A, V_{AUX} = 5V, I_{AUX} = 0.5A
Ch 1: V_{IN} Ch 2: V_{AUX} Ch 3: Vo Ch 4: POK

SECTION 2 ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

2.5 TF3000A200K Performance Curves

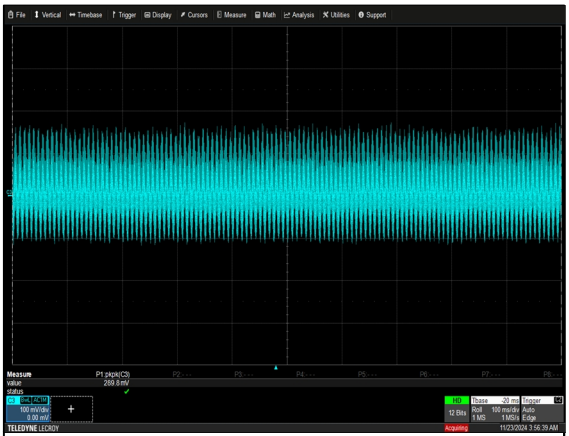


Figure 24: TF3000A200K Ripple and Noise Measurement
V_{IN} = 230Vac Load: Io = 15A
Ch 3: Vo

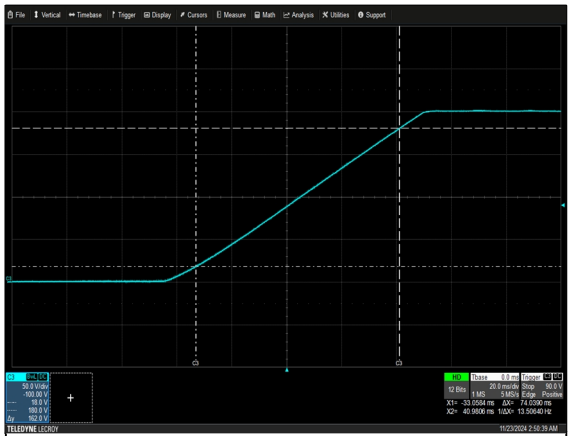


Figure 25: TF3000A200K Output Voltage Startup
V_{IN} = 230Vac Load: Io = 15A
Ch 3: Vo

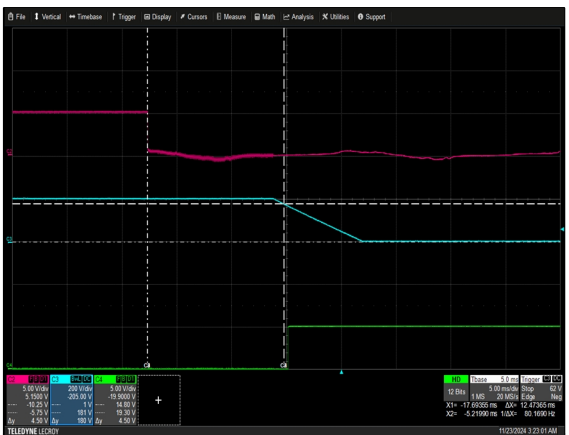


Figure 26: TF3000A200K Turn Off Characteristic via EN
V_{IN} = 230Vac Load: Io = 15A
Ch 2: EN Ch 3: Vo Ch 4: POK

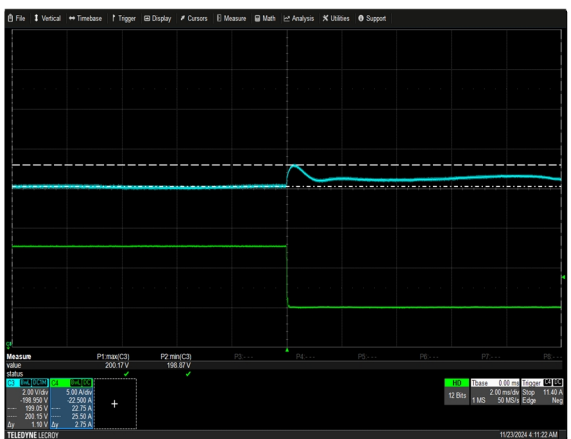


Figure 27: TF3000A200K Transient Response - Vo Deviation
100% to 50% load change 1A/µs slew rate V_{IN} = 230Vac
Ch 3: Vo Ch 4: Io

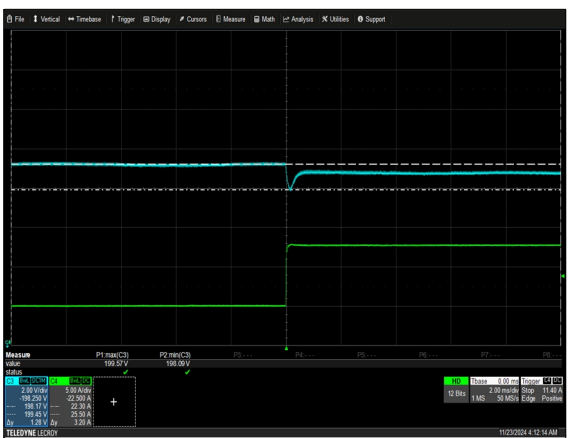


Figure 28: TF3000A200K Transient Response - Vo Deviation
50% to 100% load change 1A/µs slew rate V_{IN} = 230Vac
Ch 3: Vo Ch 4: Io

SECTION 2 ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

2.5 TF3000A200K Performance Curves

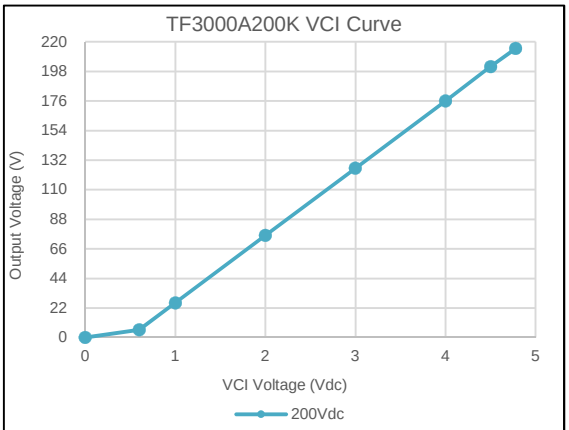


Figure 29: TF3000A200K Output Voltage Adjustment by VCI @ 25°C

Io = 0A

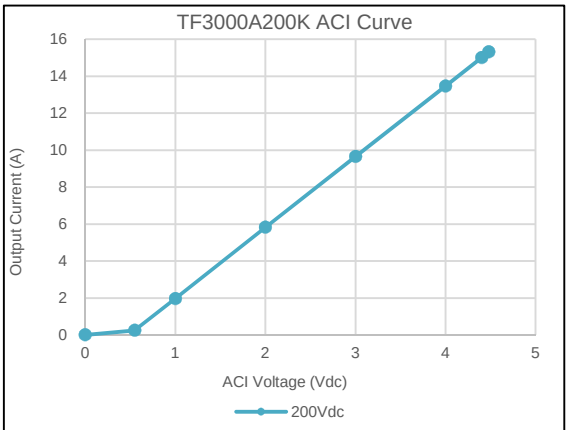


Figure 30: TF3000A200K Output Current Adjustment by ACI @ 25°C

Vo = 200V

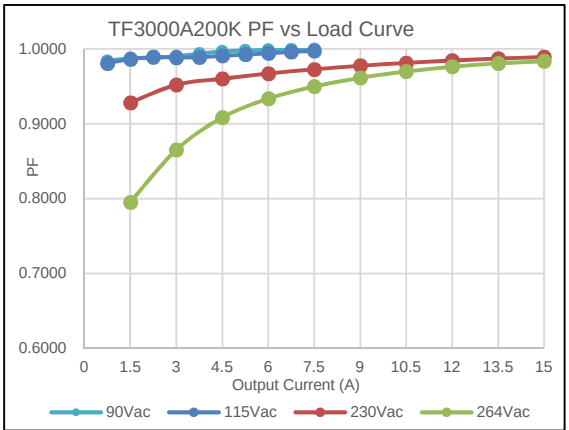


Figure 31: TF3000A200K PF vs Load Curve

Loading: I_{o_main} = 10%$I_{o,max}$ increment to $I_{o,max}$

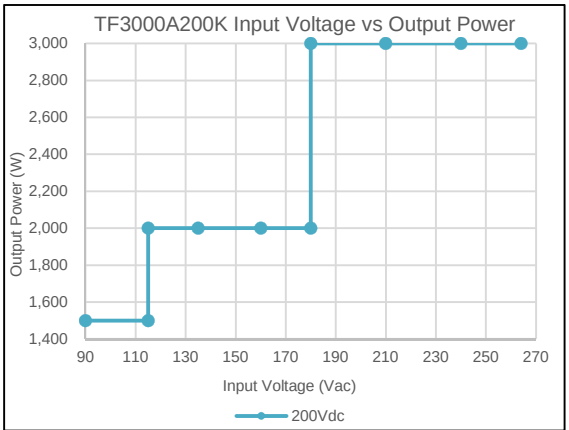


Figure 32: TF3000A200K Input Voltage vs Output Power Curve

Loading: I_{o_main} = $I_{o,max}$

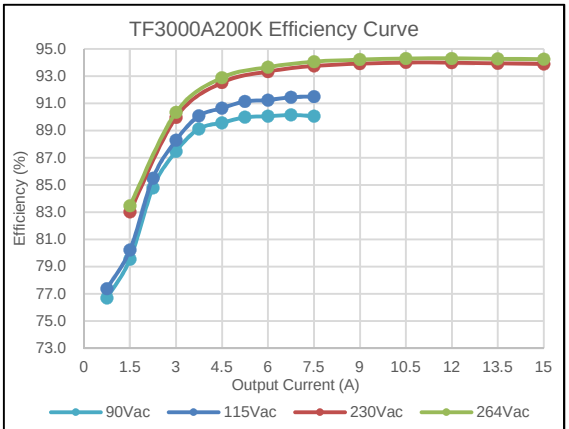


Figure 33: TF3000A200K Efficiency Curve @ 25°C

Loading: I_{o_main} = 10%$I_{o,max}$ increment to $I_{o,max}$

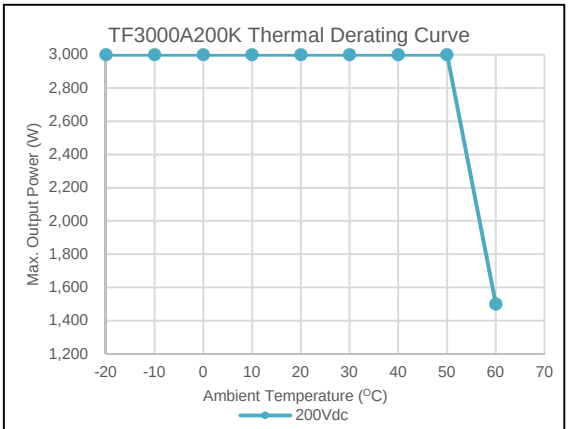


Figure 34: TF3000A200K Thermal Derating Curves

V_{IN} = 230Vac

SECTION 2 ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

2.5 TF3000A250K Performance Curves



Figure 35: TF3000A250K Turn-on delay via AC mains
V_{IN} = 90Vac Load: Io = 6A, V_{AUX} = 5V, I_{AUX} = 0.5A
Ch 1: V_{IN} Ch 2: V_{AUX} Ch 3: Vo Ch 4: POK

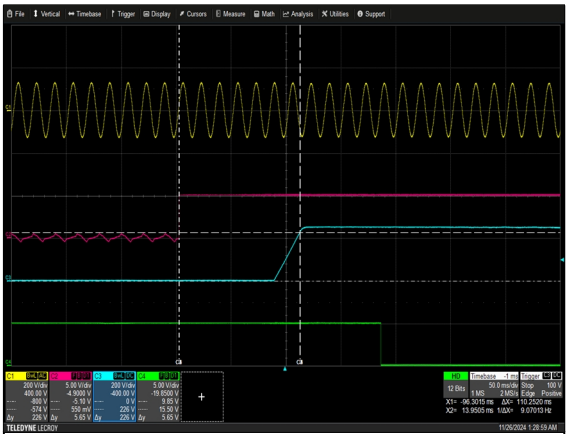


Figure 36: TF3000A250K Turn-on delay via EN
V_{IN} = 90Vac Load: Io = 6A, V_{AUX} = 5V, I_{AUX} = 0.5A
Ch 1: V_{IN} Ch 2: EN Ch 3: Vo Ch 4: POK

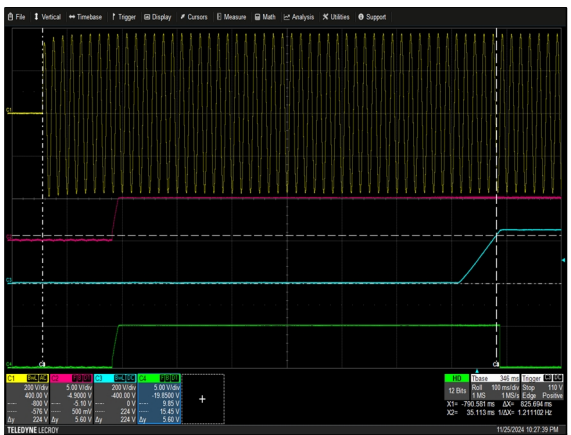


Figure 37: TF3000A250K Turn-on delay via AC mains
V_{IN} = 264Vac Load: Io = 12A, V_{AUX} = 5V, I_{AUX} = 0.5A
Ch 1: V_{IN} Ch 2: V_{AUX} Ch 3: Vo Ch 4: POK

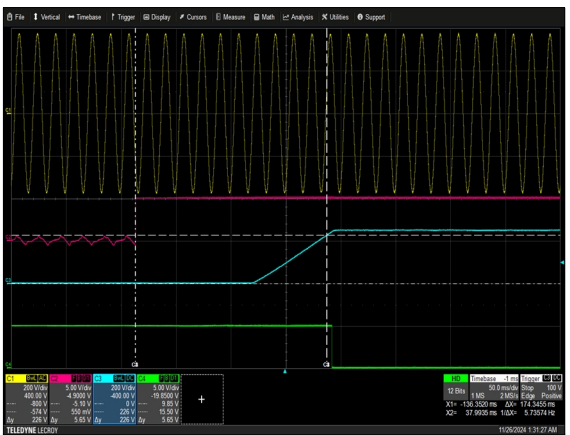


Figure 38: TF3000A250K Turn-on delay via EN
V_{IN} = 264Vac Load: Io = 12A, V_{AUX} = 5V, I_{AUX} = 0.5A
Ch 1: V_{IN} Ch 2: EN Ch 3: Vo Ch 4: POK

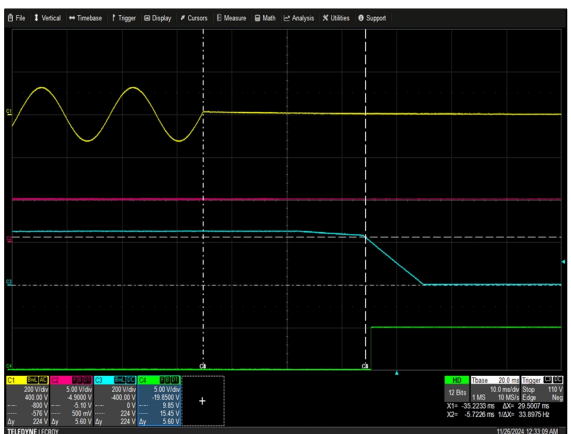


Figure 39: TF3000A250K Hold-up Time
V_{IN} = 90Vac Load: Io = 6A, V_{AUX} = 5V, I_{AUX} = 0.5A
Ch 1: V_{IN} Ch 2: V_{AUX} Ch 3: Vo Ch 4: POK

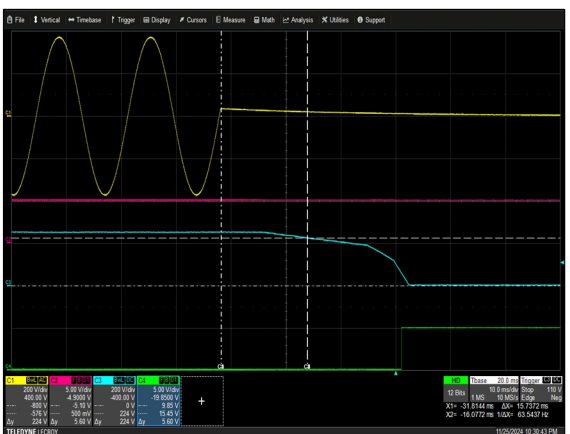


Figure 40: TF3000A250K Hold-up Time
V_{IN} = 264Vac Load: Io = 12A, V_{AUX} = 5V, I_{AUX} = 0.5A
Ch 1: V_{IN} Ch 2: V_{AUX} Ch 3: Vo Ch 4: POK

SECTION 2 ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

2.5 TF3000A250K Performance Curves

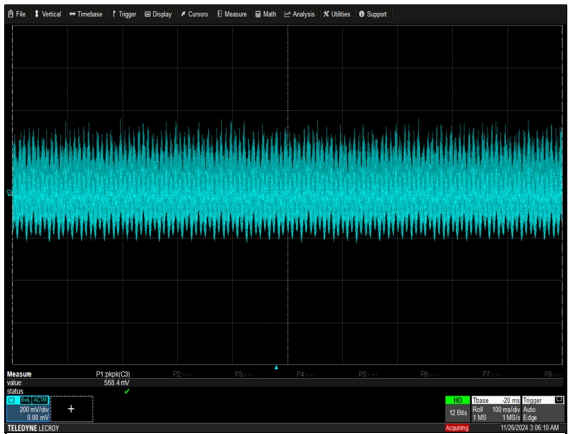


Figure 41: TF3000A250K Ripple and Noise Measurement
V_{IN} = 230Vac Load: Io = 12A
Ch 3: Vo

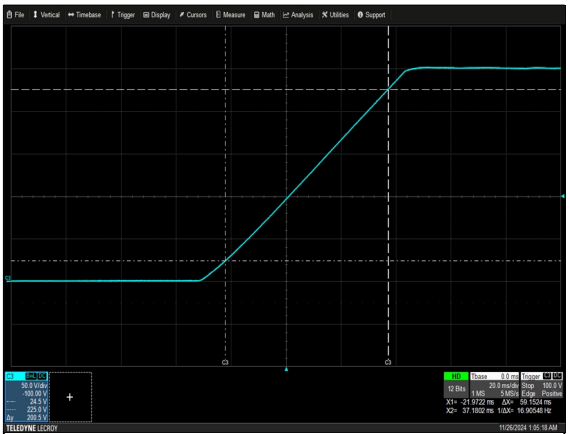


Figure 42: TF3000A250K Output Voltage Startup
V_{IN} = 230Vac Load: Io = 12A
Ch 3: Vo

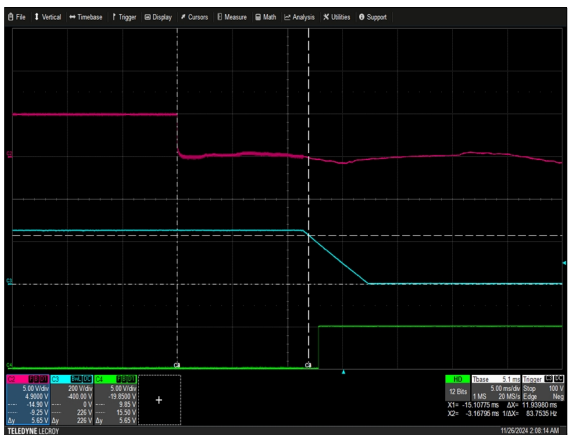


Figure 43: TF3000A250K Turn Off Characteristic via EN
V_{IN} = 230Vac Load: Io = 12A
Ch 2: EN Ch 3: Vo Ch 4: POK

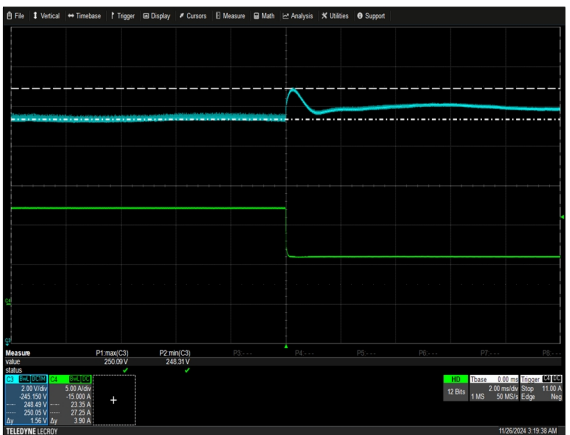


Figure 44: TF3000A250K Transient Response - Vo Deviation
100% to 50% load change 1A/µs slew rate V_{IN} = 230Vac
Ch 3: Vo Ch 4: Io

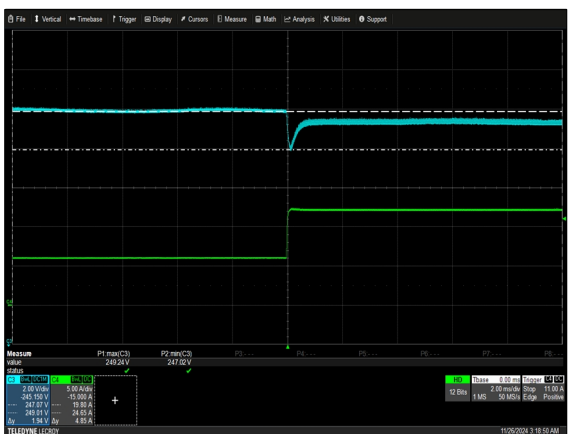


Figure 45: TF3000A250K Transient Response - Vo Deviation
50% to 100% load change 1A/µs slew rate V_{IN} = 230Vac
Ch 3: Vo Ch 4: Io

SECTION 2 ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

2.5 TF3000A250K Performance Curves

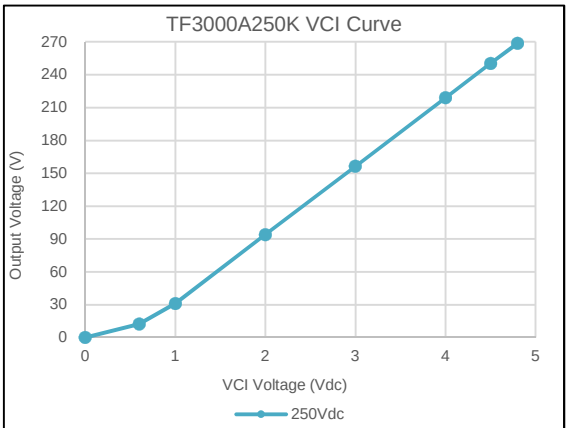


Figure 46: TF3000A250K Output Voltage Adjustment by VCI @ 25°C

Io = 0A

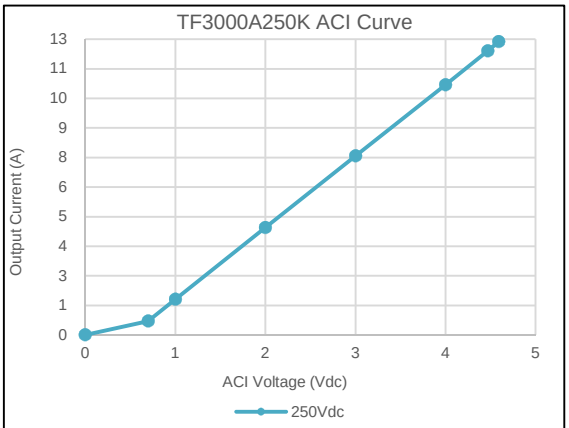


Figure 47: TF3000A250K Output Current Adjustment by ACI @ 25°C

Vo = 250V

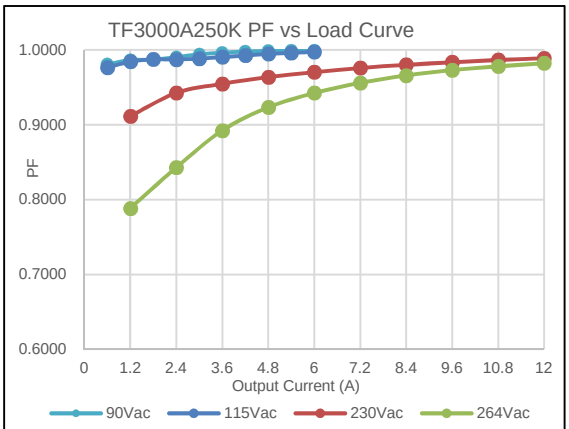


Figure 48: TF3000A250K PF vs Load Curve

Loading: I_{o_main} = 10%$I_{o,max}$ increment to $I_{o,max}$

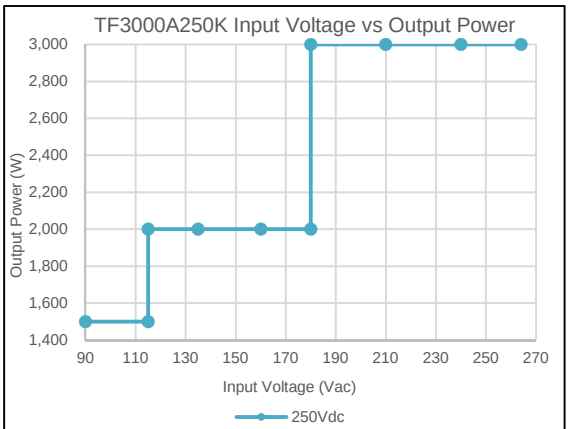


Figure 49: TF3000A250K Input Voltage vs Output Power Curve

Loading: I_{o_main} = $I_{o,max}$

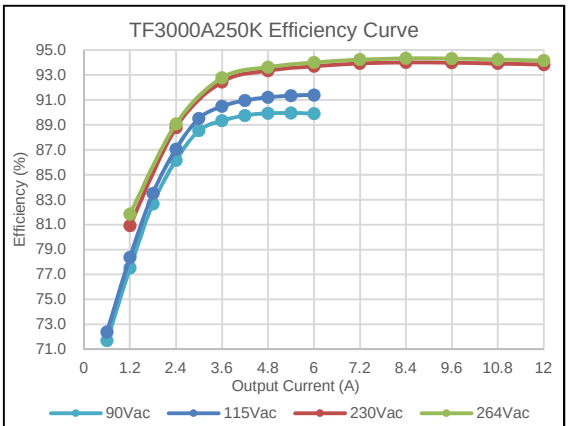


Figure 50: TF3000A250K Efficiency Curve @ 25°C

Loading: I_{o_main} = 10%$I_{o,max}$ increment to $I_{o,max}$

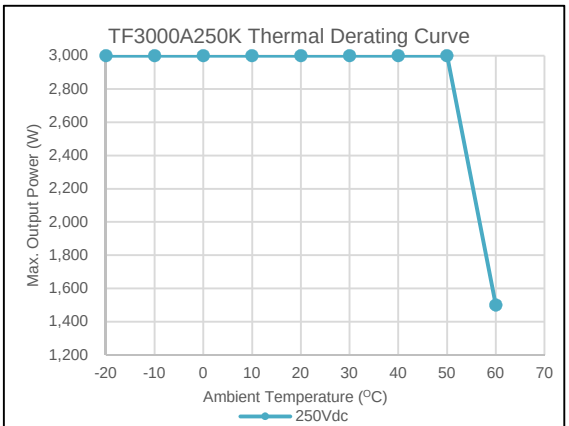


Figure 51: TF3000A250K Thermal Derating Curves

V_{IN} = 230Vac

SECTION 2 ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

2.5 TF3000A300K Performance Curves



Figure 52: TF3000A300K Turn-on delay via AC mains
V_{IN} = 90Vac Load: Io = 5A, V_{AUX} = 5V, I_{AUX} = 0.5A
Ch 1: V_{IN} Ch 2: V_{AUX} Ch 3: Vo Ch 4: POK

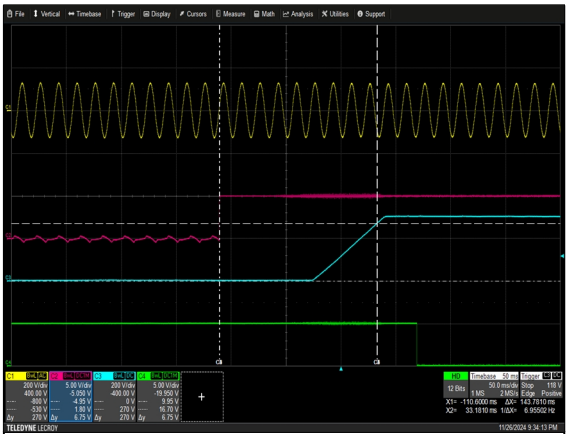


Figure 53: TF3000A300K Turn-on delay via EN
V_{IN} = 90Vac Load: Io = 5A, V_{AUX} = 5V, I_{AUX} = 0.5A
Ch 1: V_{IN} Ch 2: EN Ch 3: Vo Ch 4: POK



Figure 54: TF3000A300K Turn-on delay via AC mains
V_{IN} = 264Vac Load: Io = 10A, V_{AUX} = 5V, I_{AUX} = 0.5A
Ch 1: V_{IN} Ch 2: V_{AUX} Ch 3: Vo Ch 4: POK



Figure 55: TF3000A300K Turn-on delay via EN
V_{IN} = 264Vac Load: Io = 10A, V_{AUX} = 5V, I_{AUX} = 0.5A
Ch 1: V_{IN} Ch 2: EN Ch 3: Vo Ch 4: POK



Figure 56: TF3000A300K Hold-up Time
V_{IN} = 90Vac Load: Io = 5A, V_{AUX} = 5V, I_{AUX} = 0.5A
Ch 1: V_{IN} Ch 2: V_{AUX} Ch 3: Vo Ch 4: POK

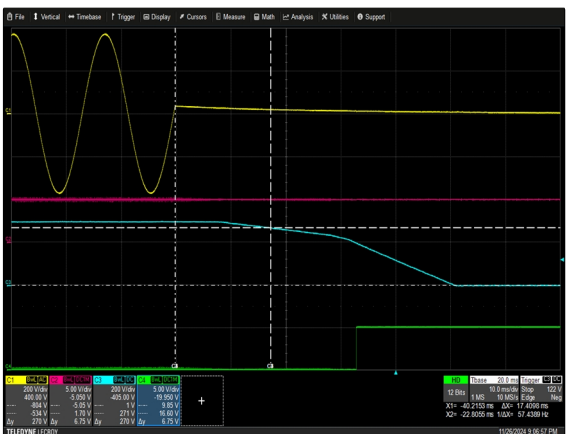


Figure 57: TF3000A300K Hold-up Time
V_{IN} = 264Vac Load: Io = 10A, V_{AUX} = 5V, I_{AUX} = 0.5A
Ch 1: V_{IN} Ch 2: V_{AUX} Ch 3: Vo Ch 4: POK

SECTION 2 ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

2.5 TF3000A300K Performance Curves



Figure 58: TF3000A300K Ripple and Noise Measurement
V_{IN} = 230Vac Load: Io = 10A
Ch 2: Vo

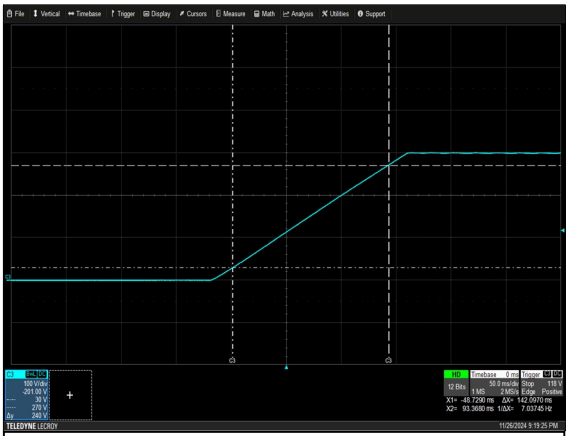


Figure 59: TF3000A300K Output Voltage Startup
V_{IN} = 230Vac Load: Io = 10A
Ch 3: Vo



Figure 60: TF3000A300K Turn Off Characteristic via EN
V_{IN} = 230Vac Load: Io = 100A
Ch 2: EN Ch 3: Vo Ch 4: POK

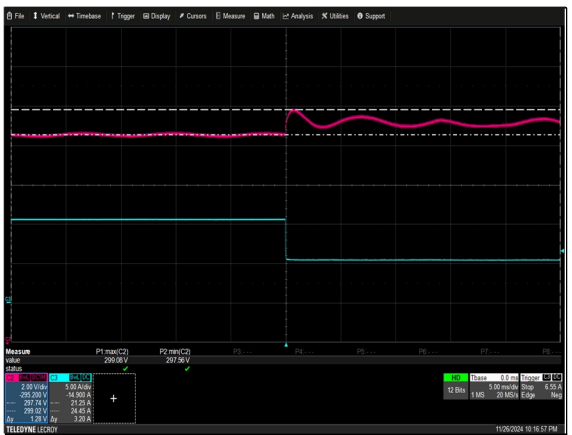


Figure 61: TF3000A300K Transient Response - Vo Deviation
100% to 50% load change 1A/µs slew rate V_{IN} = 230Vac
Ch 2: Vo Ch 3: Io

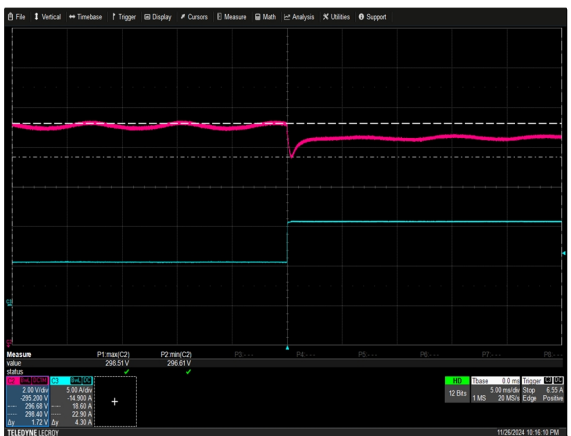


Figure 62: TF3000A300K Transient Response - Vo Deviation
50% to 100% load change 1A/µs slew rate V_{IN} = 230Vac
Ch 2: Vo Ch 3: Io

SECTION 2 ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

2.5 TF3000A300K Performance Curves

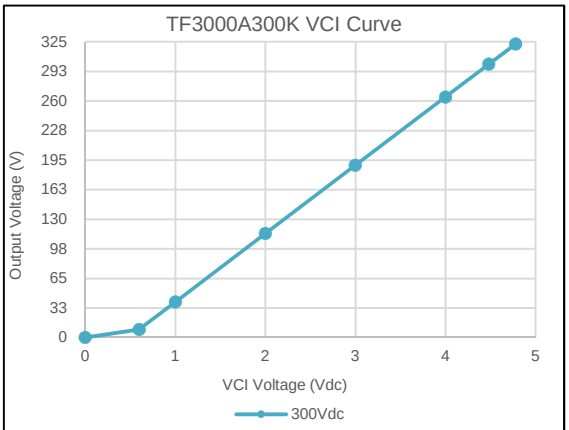


Figure 63: TF3000A300K Output Voltage Adjustment by Vprog @ 25°C

Io = 0A

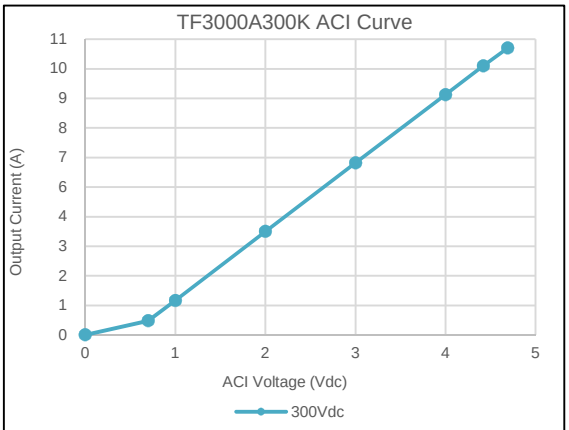


Figure 64: TF3000A300K Output Current Adjustment by ACI @ 25°C

Vo = 300V

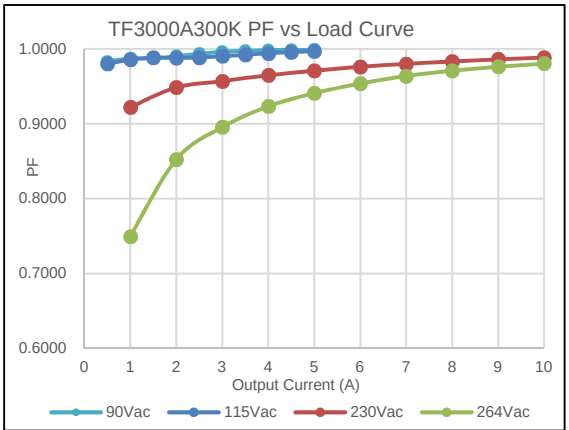


Figure 65: TF3000A300K PF vs Load Curve

Loading: I_{o_main} = 10%$I_{o,max}$ increment to $I_{o,max}$

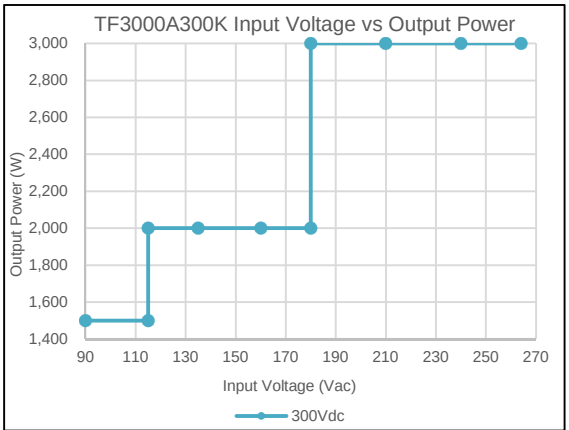


Figure 66: TF3000A300K Input Voltage vs Output Power Curve

Loading: I_{o_main} = $I_{o,max}$

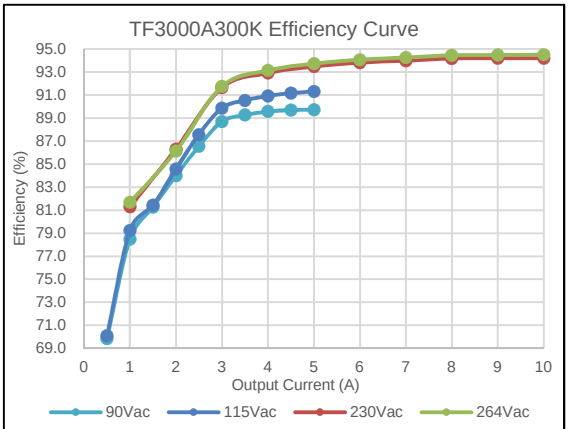


Figure 67: TF3000A300K Efficiency Curve @ 25°C

Loading: I_{o_main} = 10%$I_{o,max}$ increment to $I_{o,max}$

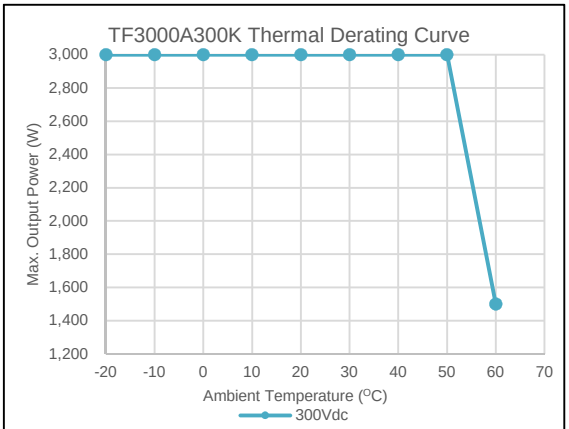


Figure 68: TF3000A300K Thermal Derating Curves

V_{IN} = 230Vac

SECTION 2 ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

2.6 Protection Function Specifications

Input Fuse

TF3000HV series power supply is equipped with internal non user serviceable 25 A, 250 Vac fuse for fault protection in the Line of the AC input.

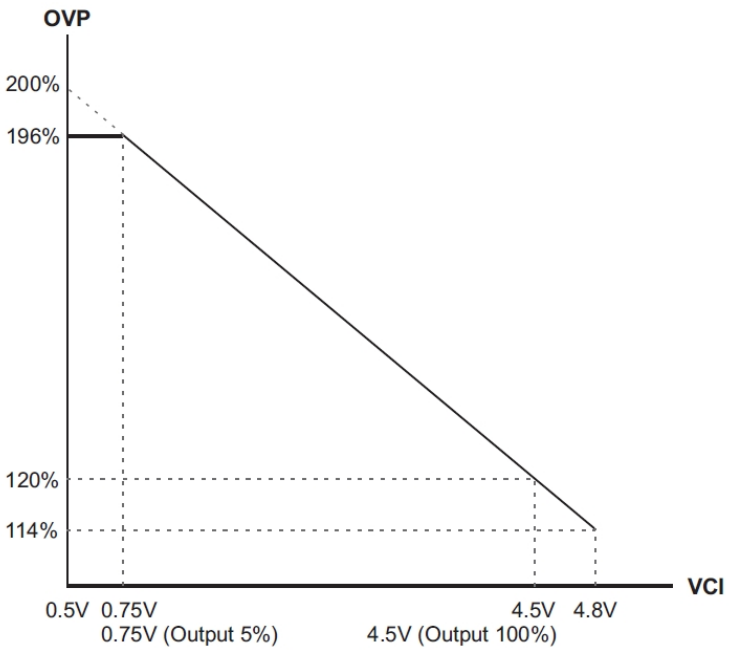
Over Voltage Protection (OVP)

The power supply main output will latch off during output overvoltage (120%±7% of rated output voltage) with the AC line recycled or inhibit to reset the latch.

When the output voltage is programmed by VCI to 105% of rated output voltage, the OVP trigger point is decreased to 114% of the output voltage.

While the output voltage is programmed by VCI to 5% of rated output voltage, the OVP trigger point is increased to 196% of the output voltage.

VCI vs OVP curve:



SECTION 2 ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Over Load Protection (OLP)

TF3000HV series power supply includes internal current limit circuitry to prevent damage in the event of overload or short circuit. In the event of overloads (105% of rated power), the output voltage will enter constant current type, and may deviate from the regulation band but recovery is automatic when the load is reduced to within specified limits.

TF3000A150K

Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V_O Output Overcurrent	/	21	/	A

TF3000A200K

Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V_O Output Overcurrent	/	15.75	/	A

TF3000A250K

Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V_O Output Overcurrent	/	12.6	/	A

TF3000A300K

Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V_O Output Overcurrent	/	10.5	/	A

TF3000A400K

Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V_O Output Overcurrent	/	7.875	/	A

Short Circuit Protection (SCP)

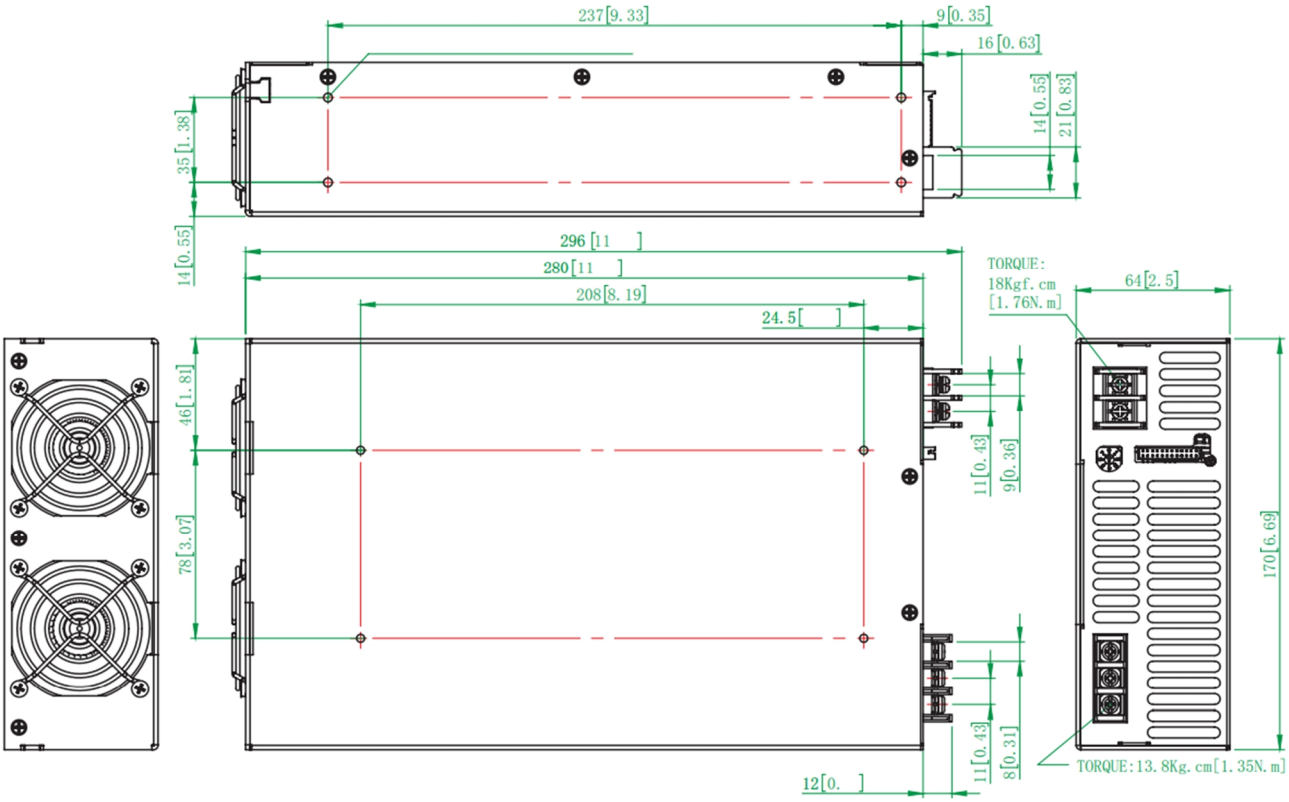
The power supply will withstand a continuous short circuit with no permanent damage. The power supply will enter constant current mode and automatically restart when the short circuit is removed. A short is defines as impedance less than 50 milliohms.

Over Temperature Protection (OTP)

The power supply shuts down during over temperature (85±5°C) and automatically returns back to normal operation when the power supply is cooled down. The power supply might experience OTP conditions during a persistent overload on the output. Overload conditions can be caused by external faults. OTP might also be entered due to a loss of control of the environmental conditions, e.g. an increase in the converter's ambient temperature due to a failing fan or external cooling system etc.

SECTION 3 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

3.1 Mechanical Outlines unit: mm [inch]



3.2 Mechanical Data

Table 4. Mechanical Data	
Dimensions (W x D x L)	170 x 64 x 280 mm (6.69” x 2.52” x 11.02”)
Weight	2.6 kg (8.6 lbs)
Cooling	Built in fan
3D Model Link	https://www.advancedenergy.com/getmedia/b319cb69-2d25-4964-b163-aa73c84ba6c6/TF3000.zip

3.3 Unit Packaging Requirement

Table 5. Unit Packaging Requirement	
Packing Quantities	6pcs/Carton
Packaging Weight	16.6 kg/1.86 ft³

SECTION 3 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

3.4 Connector Definitions

AC Input Connector

⏚ – Ground

L – Line

N – Neutral

Output Connector

POS (+) – Main Output (Vo)

NEG (-) – Main Output Return

Signal Connector – CN5

Pin 1 – AUX

Pin 2 – GND

Pin 3 – POK

Pin 4 – GND

Pin 5 – PAR

Pin 6 – VSET

Pin 7 – EN-

Pin 8 – GND

Pin 9 – EN+

Pin 10 – AUX

Pin 11 – ACI

Pin 12 – GND

Pin 13 – VCI

Pin 14 – GND

Pin 15 – AUX

Pin 16 – GND

Pin 17 – NC

Pin 18 – NC

Pin 19 – +5VC

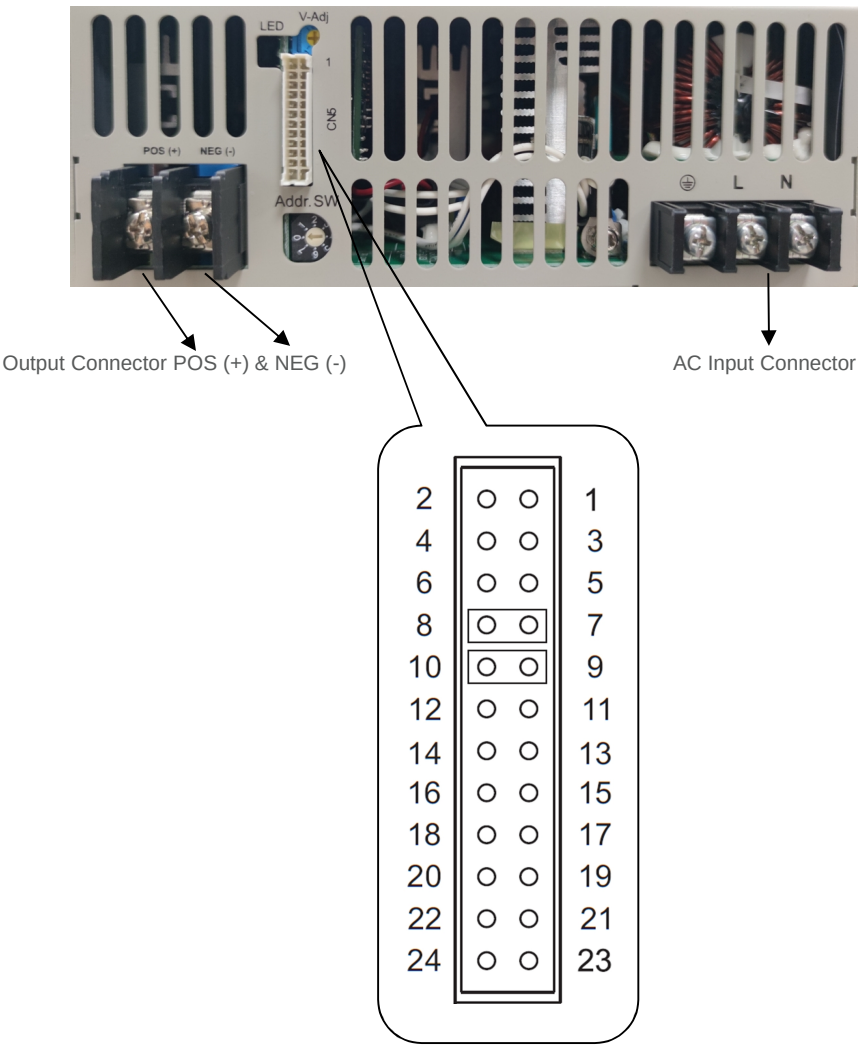
Pin 20 – GND1

Pin 21 – SCL

Pin 22 – SDA

Pin 23 – DA-

Pin 24 – DA+



SECTION 3 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

3.5 Power / Signal Mating Connectors and Pin Types

Table 6. Mating Connectors for TF3000HV Series		
Reference	On Power Supply	Mating Connector or Equivalent
AC Input Connector	Terminal line, neutral and ground	#10 wire lugs
Output Connector	Terminal POS (+) & NEG (-)	#10 wire lugs
Signal Connector	CN5 24pin connector	Connector: JST PHDR-24VS or equivalent Pins: JST SPHD-002T-P0.5 or equivalent

3.6 LED Indicator Definitions



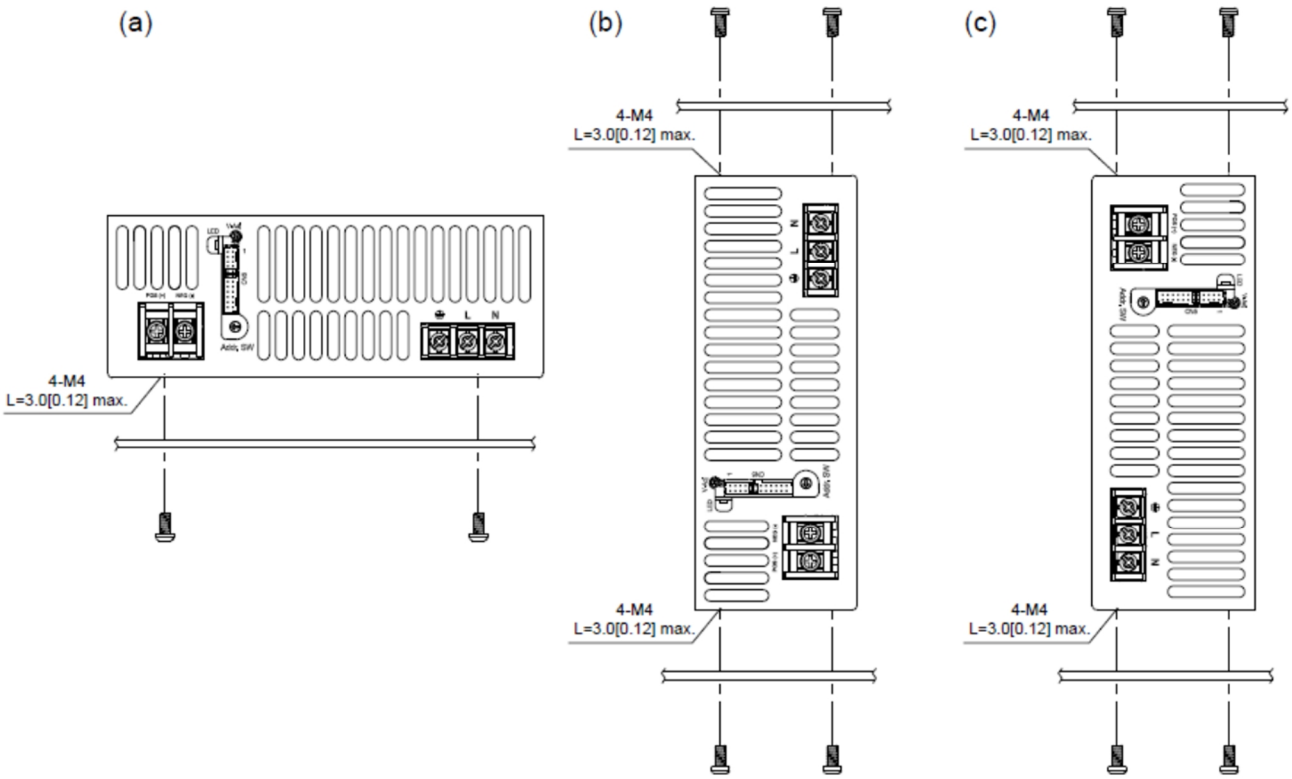
A user-friendly LED for status and diagnostics show status of input power, output power and alarm condition valuable troubleshooting aid to reduce system downtime.

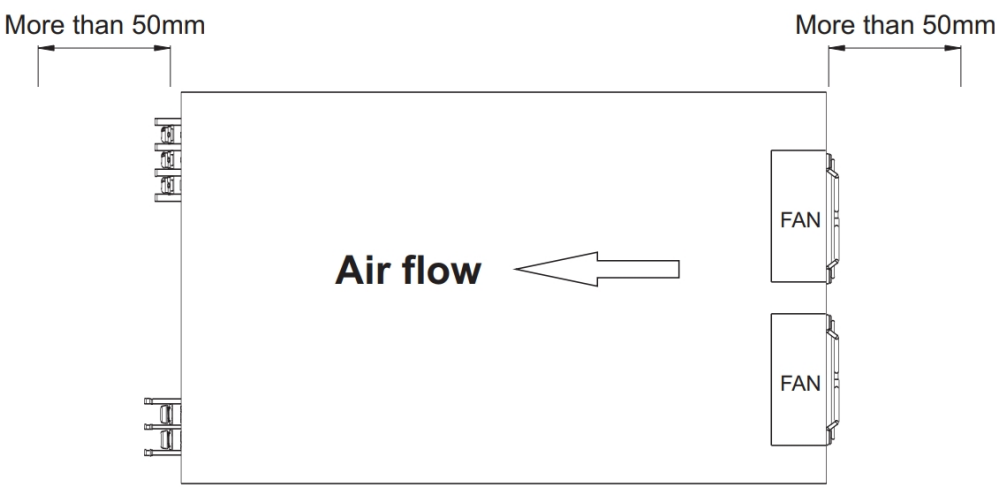
LED	LED Signal	Status
Solid (Green)		Power OK (Local Mode)
Solid (Orange)		Power OK (Remote Mode)
Slow Blink (Green)		Power Standby (Local Mode)
Slow Blink (Orange)		Power Standby (Remote Mode)
Fast Blink (Red)		Over Voltage Protection (OVP)
Solid (Red)		Over Load Protection (OLP)
Slow Blink (Red)		Over Temperature Protection (OTP)
Intermittent Blink (Red)		Fan Failure
Interlace Blink (Red)		Power Failure

SECTION 3 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

3.7 Mounting Instructions

Recommended standard mounting methods:





Note 1 - Recommended screw length is measured from the power supply surface.
Note 2 - There are ventilating holes on the front and back side panels, do not obstruct; allow 50mm at least for air flow.
Note 3 - The Maximum allowable penetration of screw is 3mm. Incomplete threading should not be penetrated.
Note 4 - Recommended the torque of mounting screw: M4 screw: 1.27N · m (13.0kgf · cm)

SECTION 4 ENVIRONMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS

4.1 EMC Immunity

TF3000HV series power supply is designed to meet the following EMC immunity specifications.

Table 7. Environmental Specifications

Test Item	Standard	Test Level	Criteria
Conducted Emissions	EN 55032: 2015 / AC: 2016, CISPR 32: 2015 (Ed 2.0) / C1:2016	Class A	-
Radiated Emissions	EN 55032: 2015 / AC: 2016, CISPR 32: 2015 (Ed 2.0) / C1:2016	Class A	-
Harmonic Current Emissions	EN 61000-3-2: 2014	Class A	-
Voltage fluctuations & Flicker	EN 61000-3-3: 2013	-	-
Electro Static Discharge (ESD) Immunity	EN 55024: 2010 + A1: 2015 IEC 61000-4-2: 2008	±4kV contact, ±8kV air	A
Radiated RF EM Fields Susceptibility	EN 55024: 2010 + A1: 2015 IEC 61000-4-3: 2006 + A1: 2007 + A2: 2010	3V/m, 80MHz to 1GHz, 80% AM at 1kHz	A
Electrical Fast Transients (EFT) / Bursts	EN 55024: 2010 + A1: 2015 IEC 61000-4-4: 2012	±1kV, 5kHz rep rate	A
Surges - Line to Line (DM) and Line to GND (CM)	EN 55024: 2010 + A1: 2015 IEC 61000-4-5: 2014 + A1: 2017	±1kV DM, ±2kV CM	A
Conducted Disturbances Induced by RF Fields	EN 55024: 2010 + A1: 2015 IEC 61000-4-6: 2013	3Vrms, 0.15Mhz to 80Mhz, 80% AM at 1kHz	A
Rated Power Frequency Magnetic Fields	EN 55024: 2010 + A1: 2015 IEC 61000-4-8: 2009	1A/m, 50Hz	A
Voltage Interruptions, Dips, Sags & Surges[1]	EN 55024: 2010 + A1: 2015 IEC 61000-4-11: 2014 + A1: 2017	Voltage Dips: >95% reduction, 10ms (0.5 cycles) 30% for 500ms (25 cycles) Voltage Interruptions >95% for 5000ms (250 cycles)	 A A B

Note 1 - Performance criteria are based on EN55024. According to the standards, performance criteria are defined as following:
A - Normal performance during and after the test
B - Temporary degradation, self-recoverable
C - Temporary degradation, operator intervention required to recover the operation
D - Permanent damage

SECTION 4 ENVIRONMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS

4.2 Safety Certifications

The TF3000HV series are intended for inclusion in other equipment and the installer must ensure that it is in compliance with all the requirements of the end application. This product is only for inclusion by professional installers within other equipment and must not be operated as a standard alone product.

Table 8. Safety Certifications for TF3000HV Series Power Supply System

Standard	Agency	Description
UL/CSA62368-1	UL + CSA	US and Canada Requirements
EN62368-1	TUV	European Requirements
IEC62368-1	CB Scheme	International Electrotechnical Commission
CE Mark	-	European Requirements
UKCA Mark	-	UK Requirements

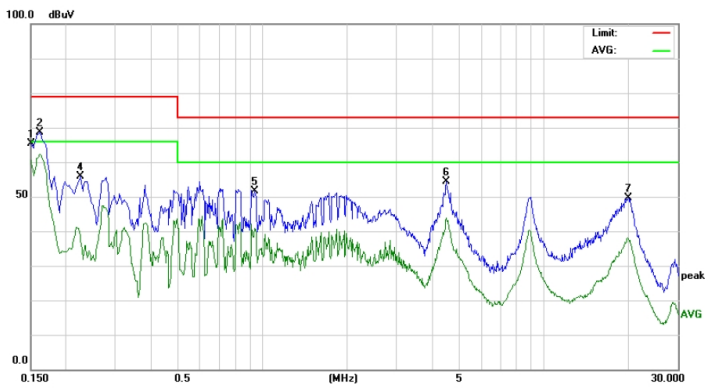
SECTION 4 ENVIRONMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS

4.3 EMI Emissions

The TF3000HV series has been designed to comply with the Class A limits of EMI requirements of EN55032 (FCC Part 15) and CISPR 32 (EN55032) for emissions and relevant sections of EN61000 (IEC 61000) for immunity. The unit is enclosed inside a metal box, tested at 3000W using resistive load with cooling fan.

Conducted Emissions

The applicable standard for conducted emissions is EN55032 (FCC Part 15). Conducted noise can appear as both differential mode and common mode noise currents. Differential mode noise is measured between the two input lines, with the major components occurring at the supply fundamental switching frequency and its harmonics. Common mode noise, a contributor to both radiated emissions and input conducted emissions, is measured between the input lines and system ground and can be broadband in nature.



The TF3000HV series have internal EMI filters to ensure the convertors' conducted EMI levels comply with EN55032 (FCC Part 15) Class A.

The EMI measurements are performed with resistive loads at maximum rated loading Sample of EN55032 Conducted EMI Measurement at 230Vac input.

Note: Red Line refers to Quasi Peak margin, which is 6dB below the CISPR international limit. Green Line refers to the Average margin, which is 6dB below the CISPR international limit.

Conducted EMI emissions specifications of the TF3000HV series:

Parameter	Model	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
FCC Part 15, class A	All	Margin	6	-	-	dB
CISPR 32 (EN55032), class A	All	Margin	6	-	-	dB

Radiated Emissions

Unlike conducted EMI, radiated EMI performance in a system environment may differ drastically from that in a stand-alone power supply. The shielding effect provided by the system enclosure may bring the EMI level from Class A to Class B. It is thus recommended that radiated EMI be evaluated in a system environment. The applicable standard is EN55032 Class A (FCC Part 15). Testing ac-dc convertors as a stand-alone component to the exact requirements of EN55032 can be difficult, because the standard calls for 1m leads to be attached to the input and outputs and aligned such as to maximize the disturbance. In such a set-up, it is possible to form a perfect dipole antenna that very few AC-DC convertors could pass. However, the standard also states that an attempt should be made to maximize the disturbance consistent with the typical application by varying the configuration of the test sample.

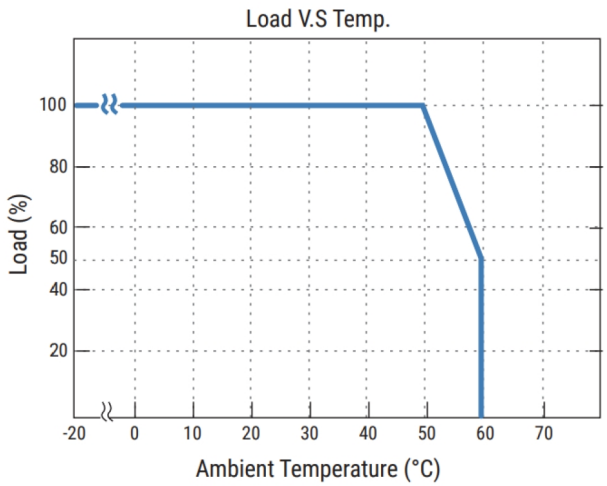
SECTION 4 ENVIRONMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS

4.4 Operating Temperature

The TF3000HV series maximum output power can be loaded up to an ambient temperature of +50°C.

Only 50% of the maximum output power can be loaded at ambient temperature of +60°C. Linear derating to 50% nominal output power starts from +50°C to +60°C.

Output Power vs Operating Temperature



4.5 Forced Air Cooling

The TF3000HV series power supplies include internal cooling fan as part of the power supply assembly to provide forced air cooling to maintain and control temperature of devices and ambient. The standard direction of airflow is from the fan to the input/output connectors of the power supply.

The cooling fan is a variable speed fan. Fan will be smart based on output current and internal temperature.

4.6 Storage and Shipping Temperature

The TF3000HV series can be stored or shipped at temperatures between -40°C to +85°C and relative humidity from 10% to 95% non-condensing.

4.7 Altitude

The TF3000HV series will operate within specifications at altitudes up to 1000 feet (3000 meters) above sea level. The power supply will not be damaged when stored at altitudes of up to 3000 meters above sea level.

4.8 Humidity

The TF3000HV series will operate within specifications when subjected to a relative humidity from 20% to 90% non-condensing. The TF3000HV series can be stored in a relative humidity from 10% to 95% non-condensing.

SECTION 4 ENVIRONMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS

4.9 Vibration

The TF3000HV series comply to IEC68-2-6 and IEC68-2-64, and pass the following vibration specifications:

Non-Operating Random Vibration

Acceleration	2.0		gRMS
Frequency Range	10 to 500		Hz
Duration	60		Mins
Direction	3 mutually perpendicular axis		
PSD Profile	FREQ (Hz)	SLOPE (db/oct)	PSD (g^2/Hz)
	10	/	0.04
	80	/	0.04
	500	/	0.0198

Operating Random Vibration

Acceleration	2.0		gRMS
Frequency Range	10 to 500		Hz
Duration	60		Mins
Direction	3 mutually perpendicular axis		
PSD Profile	FREQ (Hz)	SLOPE (db/oct)	PSD (g^2/Hz)
	10	/	0.04
	80	/	0.04
	500	/	0.0198

4.10 Shock

The TF3000HV series power supply will pass the following shock specifications:

Non-Operating Half-Sine Shock

Acceleration	30	G
Duration	36	ms
Pulse	trapezoidal	
Number of Shock	3 shock on each of 6 faces	

Operating Half-Sine Shock

Acceleration	40	G
Duration	6	ms
Pulse	Half-Sine	
Number of Shock	3 shocks in each of 6 faces	

SECTION 5 POWER AND CONTROL SIGNAL DESCRIPTIONS

5.1 AC Input Connector

This connector supplies the AC Mains to the TF3000HV series power supply.

⏚ – Ground
L – Line
N – Neutral

5.2 Output Connectors

These terminals provide the main output for the TF3000HV series. The POS (+) and NEG (-) terminals are the positive and negative rails, respectively, of the V_O main output of the TF3000HV series power supply.

POS (+) – +Main Output (V_O)
NEG (-) – Main Output Return

5.3 Signal Connector – CN5

The TF3000HV series CN5 contains 24 pins control signal header providing analogy control, auxiliary output and I^2C interface.

AUX - (Pin 1, Pin 10, Pin 15)

The TF3000HV series provides an optional auxiliary power 5V/0.5A or 9V/0.3A. The AUX option can be set by the VSET signal.

GND - (Pin 2, Pin 4, Pin 8, Pin 12, Pin 14, Pin 16)

They are all the same signal ground referred to the signals of CN5 connector.

POK - (Pin 3)

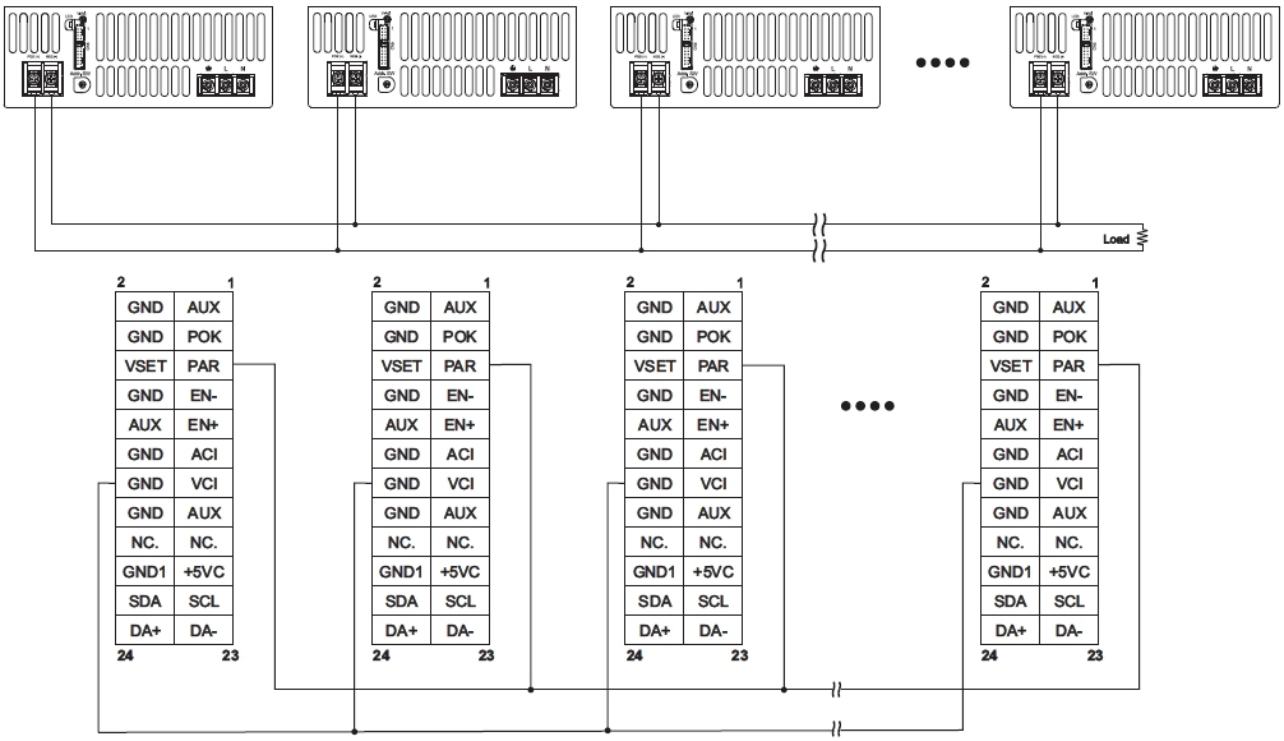
POK is an open drain power OK signal. When the PSU turns on, the POK signal goes to low logic. The maximum sink current is 20mA, and the max drain voltage is 40V. Recommended pull-up resistor to 5V AUX or external source is 1k ohm.



SECTION 5 POWER AND CONTROL SIGNAL DESCRIPTIONS

PAR - (Pin 5)

The main output has active current sharing. All current sharing functions are implemented internal to the power supply by making use of the PAR signal. The system connects all the PAR lines between the power supplies for parallel operation current sharing.



VSET - (Pin 6)

The VSET signal is to set the optional AUX output voltage. The default setting is 5V AUX output when VSET pin is left open. Shorting VSET to GND of CN5 can set a 9V AUX output.

Place an additional capacitor to have a better performance of auxiliary power operation.

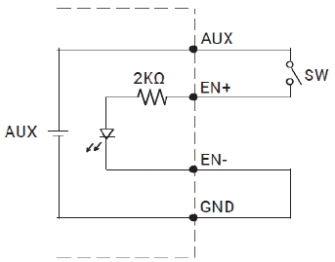


SECTION 5 POWER AND CONTROL SIGNAL DESCRIPTIONS

EN-, EN+ - (Pin 7, Pin 9)

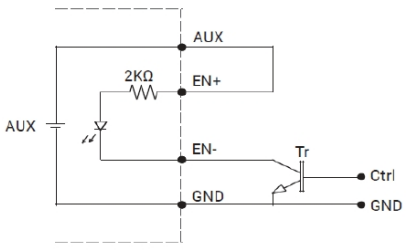
There're three methods to use these EN- & EN+ signals to turn ON/OFF the main output voltage. The default setting is to use internal 5V AUX source.

(A) Using Internal 5V AUX Source



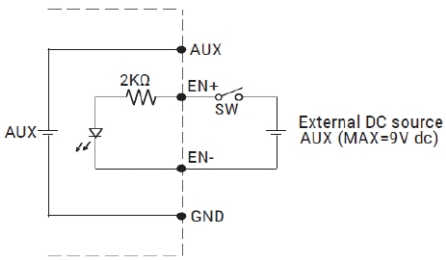
SW	OFF	Power OFF
	ON	Power ON

(B) ON/OFF Control by NPN Transistor



Ctrl	L	Power OFF
	H	Power ON

(C) Using External Voltage Source



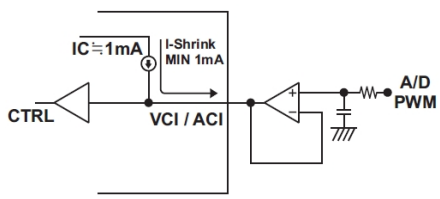
SW	OFF	Power OFF
	ON	Power ON

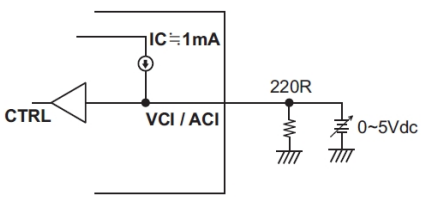
ACI, VCI - (Pin 11, Pin 13)

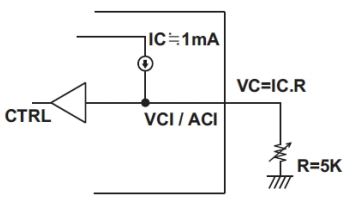
The ACI is the I program signal to program the output current from 0% to 105%.

The VCI is the V program signal to program the output voltage from 0% to 105%.

Connecting an external voltage or resistor between the ACI or VCI can both adjust the output current or output voltage. To ensure the power supply output voltage and current could be accurately adjusted, please make sure to adjust the output voltage and current > 10% vs. the rated voltage and current. (ex. for a 150 V unit, adjust the DC output voltage above 15 V to ensure accuracy; same applies to the output current)







+5VC - (Pin 19)

+5V power supply, needs to be used with GND1.

GND1 - (Pin 20)

Ground, needs to be used with +5VC. Ground reference for the external communication kit when using RS485/I²C.

SCL, SDA - (Pin 21, Pin 22)

Please refer to "Communication Descriptions" section.

DA-, DA+ - (Pin 23, Pin 24)

These pins are for RS485 receiver and transmission function. Refer to "Communication Protocol User Manual".

SECTION 6 COMMUNICATION DESCRIPTIONS

6.1 I²C Bus Signals

The TF3000HV series contains enhanced monitor and control functions implemented via the I²C bus. The TF3000HV series I²C functionality can be accessed via the control signals' connector. The I²C interface is designed to run with a serial clock speed of 100kHz.

SCL (I²C Serial Clock Signal) - (pin 21)

This input signal is used to strobe all data in and out of the unit. It should be connected to +5V via a pull-up resistor of 2k ohm.

SDA (I²C Serial Data Signal) - (pin 22)

This bi-directional signal is used to transfer data in or out of the unit. It is an open drain output that may be wire-ORed with other open drain or open collector signal on the bus. A pull-up 2k ohm resistor must be connected from SDA to +5V.

E0, E1, E2 (I²C Address)

There are three address lines internally to address the eight units by I²C bus. To address the units, adjust the address switch on the front panel of the power supply directly.

I²C Bus Protocol

The I²C bus option of unit are provided with I²C type EEPROM device protocol (24C02).

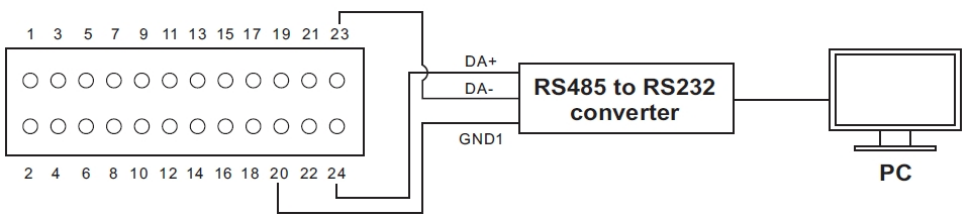
Write mode sequences:

S	1 0 1 0 E2-E0 0	A	A7-A0	A	D7-D0	A	P

Read mode sequences:

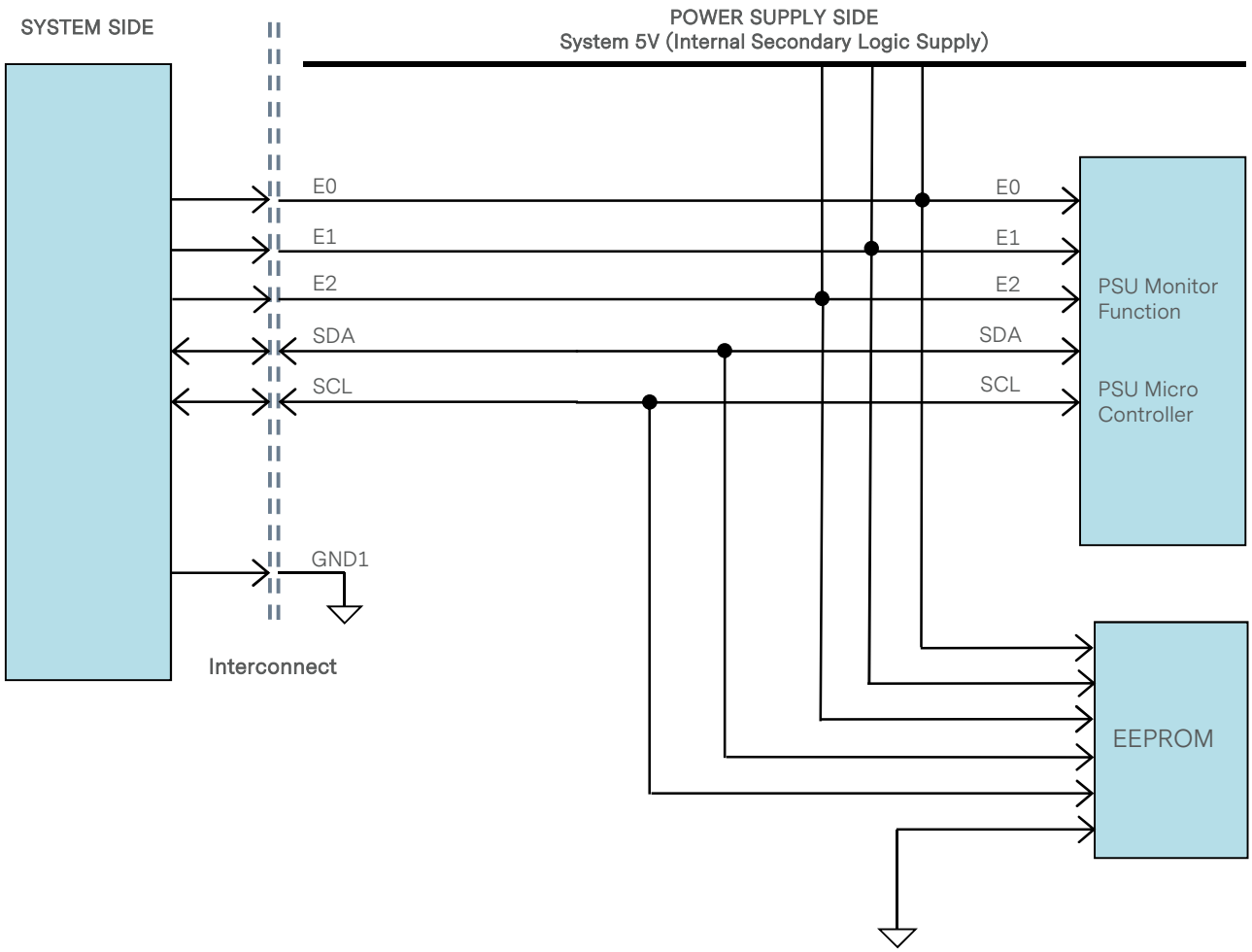
S	1 0 1 0 E2-E0 0	A	A7-A0	A	S	1 0 1 0 E2-E0 1	A	D7-D0	A	P

RS485 Communication Connection Diagram (Single Unit)



SECTION 6 COMMUNICATION DESCRIPTIONS

I²C Bus Internal Implementation, Pull-ups and Bus Capacitances



I²C Bus - Recommended external pull-ups

Electrical and interface specifications of I²C signals (referenced to standby output return pin, unless otherwise indicated):

Parameter	Condition	Symbol	Min	Type	Max	Unit
SDA, SCL Internal Pull-up Resistor		R_{int}	-	-	-	kohm
SDA, SCL Internal Bus Capacitance		C_{int}	-	-	-	pF
Recommended External Pull-up Resistor	1 to 8 PSU	R_{ext}	-	2	-	kohm

SECTION 6 COMMUNICATION DESCRIPTIONS

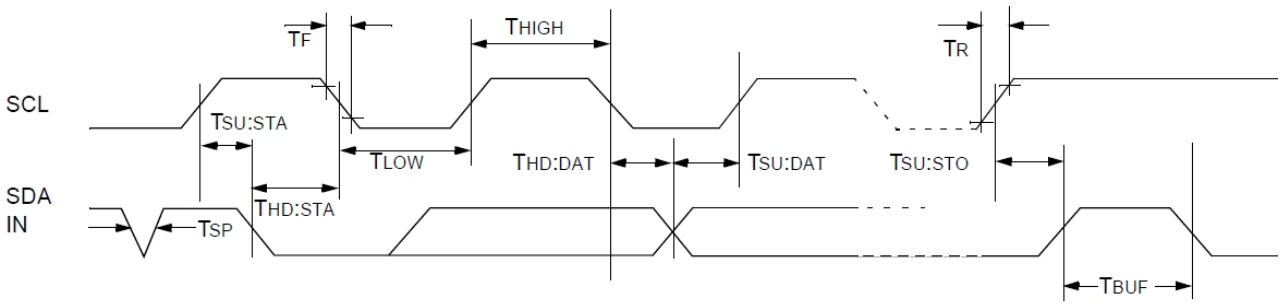
6.2 Logic Levels

TF3000HV series power supply I²C communication bus will respond to logic levels as per below:

Logic High: 5V nominal (Spec is 4.5V to 5.5V)
Logic Low: 500mV nominal (Spec is 800mV max)

Note: Advanced Energy 73-769-001 I²C adapter and USB to I²C GUI software was used.

Timings



Parameter	Symbol	Standard-Mode Specs[1]		Actual Measured		Unit
		Min	Max			
Clock frequency	F_{CLK}	-	400	205		kHz
Hold time (repeated) START condition	$t_{HD;STA}$	0.6	-	4.72		µs
LOW period of SCL clock	t_{LOW}	1.3	-	4.45		µs
HIGH period of SCL clock	t_{HIGH}	0.6	-	3.45		µs
Setup time for repeated START condition	$t_{SU;STA}$	0.6	-	5.45		µs
Data hold time	$t_{HD;DAT}$	0	-	488		ns
Data setup time	$t_{SU;DAT}$	100	-	3780		ns
Rise time	t_r	-	300	SCL = 250	SDA = 250	ns
Fall time	t_f	-	300	SCL = 140	SDA = 180	ns
Setup time for STOP condition	$t_{SU;STO}$	0.6	-	5.92		µs
Bus free time between a STOP and START condition	t_{BUF}	1.3	-	63378		µs

Note 1 - Spec is based on ambient temperature -40°C ≤ T_A ≤ +85°C.

SECTION 6 COMMUNICATION DESCRIPTIONS

6.3 Device Addressing

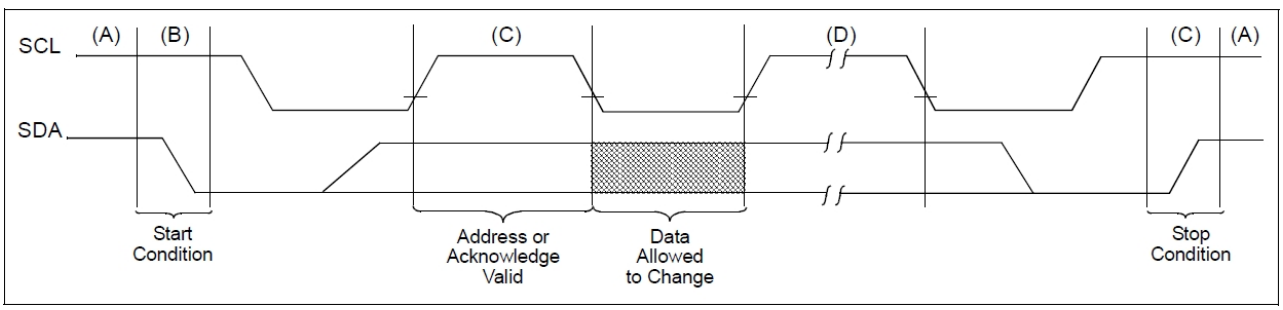
Slave device address is a 7-bit device address, and can be configurable via the address switch on the front panel. The first four bits are fixed 1010 as device type identifier. When 0 is selected on the front panel, it is 0x50 write address. Below is the table of the possible addresses that can be used via the address switch configuration.

PSU Slot			Address Switch Location	Write Address	Read Address
E2	E1	E0			
0	0	0	0	0x50	0x51
0	0	1	1	0x51	0x52
0	1	0	2	0x52	0x53
0	1	1	3	0x53	0x54
1	0	0	4	0x54	0x55
1	0	1	5	0x55	0x56
1	1	0	6	0x56	0x57
1	1	1	7	0x57	0x58

6.4 Bus Characteristics

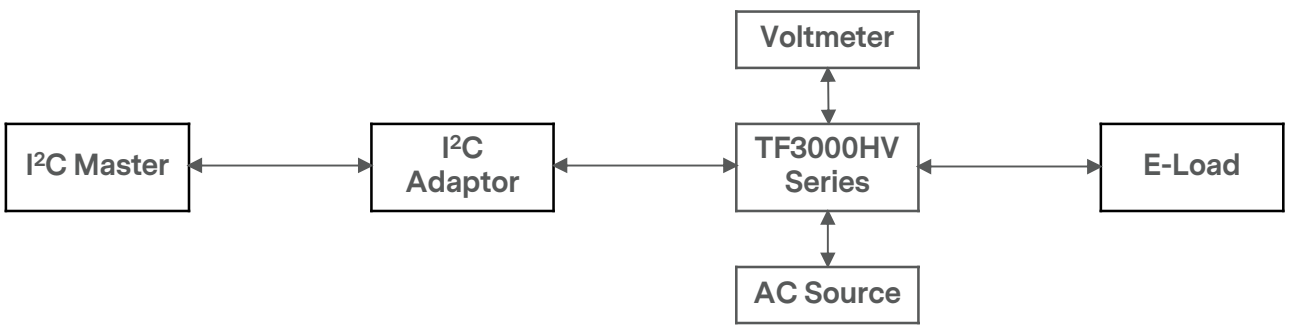
Data transfer may be initiated only when the bus is not busy.

During data transfer, the data line must remain stable whenever the clock line is high. Changes in the data line while the clock line is high will be interpreted as a Start or Stop condition.



6.5 Equipment Setup

The TF3000HV series is compliant with the I²C EEPROM device 24C02 protocol for monitoring and control of the power supply via the I²C interface port. The following is typical I²C communication setup:



SECTION 6 COMMUNICATION DESCRIPTIONS

6.6 TF3000HV Series Supported I²C Command List

Command Code	Command Name	Default Value	Access Type	Data Bytes	Data Format	Description
00h-0Fh	Manufacture	SL Power,	R	16	ASCII	Default: SL Power, (0x53 4C 20 50 6F 77 65 72 2C 20 20 20 20 20 20 20)
10h-1Fh	Model name	TF3000AxxxK	R	16	ASCII	Default: TF3000AxxxK (0x54 46 33 30 30 30 41 x x x 4B 20 20 20 20 20 20) xxx varies based on models with different voltage. Ex: TF3000A150K, TF3000A200K, TF3000A250K, etc.
20h-23h	Output voltage	-	R	4	ASCII	
24h-27h	Revision	-	R	4	ASCII	
28h-2Fh	Manufacture date	-	R	8	ASCII	
30h-3Fh	Serial number	-	R	16	ASCII	
40h-4Fh	Country of manufacture	TAIWAN	R	16	ASCII	Default: TAIWAN (0x54 41 49 57 41 4E 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20)
50h-51h	Rated output voltage	-	R	2	Direct	
52h-53h	Rated output current	-	R	2	Direct	
54h-55h	Max. output voltage	-	R	2	Direct	
56h-57h	Max. output current	-	R	2	Direct	
60h-61h	Output voltage[1]	-	R	2	Direct	60h – Low byte, 61h – High byte Multiplier – 100
62h-63h	Output current[2]	-	R	2	Direct	62h – Low byte, 63h – High byte Multiplier – 100
68h	Internal temperature[3]	-	R	1	Direct	Multiplier – 1
6Ch	Status: 0	00	R	1	Bitmapped	Returns the summary of critical faults
	b7 – AC input failure					0 – Normal AC input 1 – AC input < 85Vac, power off
	b6 – AC input power down					0 – AC input ≥ 180Vac, normal output 1 – AC input < 180Vac, output power down
	b5 – HI-TEMP alarm					0 – Internal temperature normally 1 – Internal temperature > 75°C
	b4 – AUX or SMPS fail					0 – Unit normal working 1 – Unit fail, power is shutdown
	b3 – FAN failure					0 – FAN normal working 1 – FAN fail, power is shutdown
	b2 – OTP shutdown					0 – Normal internal temperature 1 – Internal temperature > 85°C, power is shutdown
	b1 – OLP shutdown					0 – Normal 1 – Overload shutdown
	b0 – OVP shutdown					0 – Normal 1 – Overvoltage shutdown

Note 1 - To ensure the reading data accuracy, read 0x60 at 1st priority and then 0x61 at 2nd. Ex. the hex value of [0x60] = 0x06, [0x61] = 0x4E. Convert 0x4E06 into decimal is 19974, to divide 19974 by 100 equals 199.74, Vo = 199.74V.

Note 2 - To ensure the reading data accuracy, read 0x62 at 1st priority and then 0x63 at 2nd. Ex. the hex value of [0x62] = 0x26, [0x63] = 0x02. Convert 0x0226 into decimal is 550, to divide 550 by 100 equals 5.50, Io = 5.50A.

Note 3 - To read the values of the addresses of [0x68], convert the value into decimal to receive the internal temperature (centigrade). Ex. the hex value of [0x68] = 0x37. Convert 0x37 into decimal is 55, the internal temperature is 55°C.

SECTION 6 COMMUNICATION DESCRIPTIONS

The TF3000HV Series Supported I²C Command List:

Command Code	Command Name	Default Value	Access Type	Data Bytes	Data Format	Description
6Fh	Status: 1	12	R	1	Bitmapped	Summary of units fault and warning status
	b7 – Remote control status					0 – Control by VCI, ACI, INHI 1 – Control by software (I²C or RS232/RS485)
	b6:5 – Not used					Not supported
	b4 – ON/OFF status					0 – Power off 1 – Power on
	b3:2 – Not used					Not Supported
	b1 – Inhibit by control register (7Ch bit7=1)					0 – Unit normal working 1 – Inhibit by 7Ch bit0
	b0 – Inhibit by VCI/ACI or INHI (7Ch bit7=0)					0 – Unit normal working 1 – Inhibit by VCI/ACI/INHI signal
70h-71h	O/P voltage setting[1,3]	00	R/W	2	Direct	70h – Low byte 71h – High byte Multiplier – 100
72h-73h	O/P current setting[2,3]	00	R/W	2	Direct	72h – Low byte 73h – High byte Multiplier – 100
7Ch	Control	00	R/W	1	Bitmapped	Temperature related faults and warnings
	b7 – Remote control					0 – Control by VCI, ACI, INHI 1 – Control by software (I²C or RS232/RS485)
	b6 – Reserved					Reserved
	B5:4 – Not used					Not supported
	b3 – Command error					0 – Valid 1 – Error
	b2 – Command update					0 – Control by VCI, ACI, INHI 1 – Control by software (I²C or RS232/RS485)
	b1 – Note used					Not supported
	b0 – Power control					0 – Power off 1 – Power on

Note 1 - Multiply the setting voltage of 100 and convert the value into hex code, then write high byte and low byte on the addresses of 0x71, 0x70. Ex: The output voltage setting is 205V, to multiply 205 of 100 and convert 20500 into hex 0x5014. Write hex code 0x50, 0x14 into the addresses of 0x71, 0x70.

Note 2 - Multiply the setting current of 100 and convert the value into hex code, then write high byte and low byte on the addresses of 0x73, 0x72. Ex: The output current setting is 5.5A, to multiply 5.5 of 100 and convert 550 into hex 0x0226. Write hex code 0x02, 0x26 into the addresses of 0x73, 0x72.

Note 3 - After setting voltage and current stores in buffer the setting parameters will not be updated immediately. The parameters will present after checking procedure of writing 1 on the bit2 of control register 0x7C will be done.

1) The setting will be denied when the setting value is over limits, the output will remain the default value. The reading of bit3 of control register (0x7C) command is 1 as error.
2) The setting will be effective when the setting value is in limits, the output setting will be updated. The reading of bit3 of control register (0x7C) command is 0 as valid.

After writing 1 into the bit2 of control register (0x7C), the bit will be clear to “0” no matter if the setting is valid. To verify the command is running successfully by evaluating the values of bit3 and bit2 of the control register (0x7C).

SECTION 7 APPLICATION NOTES

7.1 Current Sharing and Parallel Operation

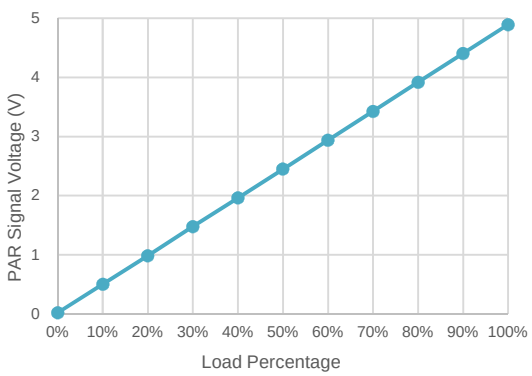
The TF3000HV series OR'ing diode has the built-in active sharing function to support maximum of 8 power supplies connected in parallel condition to support higher output power application.

To perform the parallel connection, make sure all the PAR pins connected for current sharing function, and the output voltage difference of each PSU < 0.2Vdc (set via V-adj from the front panel). To ensure current share balance, output current of each unit must be > 10% vs. the rated output current.

The table below shows the derated maximum power capacity when units are in parallel configuration.

Number of Units in Parallel (N)	Maximum Output Power (Rated output power per unit x N x 0.9)
Stand-alone	3000W
2	5400W
3	8100W
..	..
....	....
8	21600W

PAR signal voltage of the TF3000HV series power supply:



SECTION 7 APPLICATION NOTES

7.2 Output Voltage and Current Setting by I²C Command

Leave the EN+ & EN- signals disconnected to make sure the power supply is inhibited as stand-by mode.

Read the command 0x60, 0x61. Get the original output voltage 0V.

Must set both the output voltage and output current.

For example set the output voltage to 205V (multiply 205 of 100 and convert 20500 decimal to 0x5014), and output current to 5.5A (multiply 5.5 of 100 and convert 550 decimal to 0x0226).

Write the command 0x70 (low byte) and 0x71 (high byte) with 0x14 and 0x05 respectively.

Write the command 0x72 (low byte) and 0x73 (high byte) with 0x26 and 0x02 respectively.

After the voltage and current setting, the voltage and current stores in the buffer of power supply. The parameters will present after writing 1 on the bit2 of Control Register 0x7C, that is to write 0x7C with 0x85 (1000 0101).

Read the output voltage with command 0x60, 0x61 again to verify the new output voltage.

Script examples:

Seq#	Enable	Start	Address	R/W	Data	Stop?	Delay(...	Description	Status
1	☑	S	A0	WRITE	60	☐	0		No Error
2	☑	S	A0	READ	00	☑	0	read oriignal voltage, it's 0V	No Error
3	☑	S	A0	WRITE	61	☐	0		No Error
4	☑	S	A0	READ	00	☑	0		No Error
5	☑	S	A0	WRITE	70,14	☑	0	set voltage to 0x5014, 205V	No Error
6	☑	S	A0	WRITE	71,50	☑	0		No Error
7	☑	S	A0	WRITE	72,26	☑	0	set current to 0x0226, 5.5A	No Error
8	☑	S	A0	WRITE	73,02	☑	0		No Error
9	☑	S	A0	WRITE	7C,85	☑	2000	command update and power on	No Error
10	☑	S	A0	WRITE	60	☐	0		No Error
11	☑	S	A0	READ	E9	☑	0	read new voltage 204.57V	No Error
12	☑	S	A0	WRITE	61	☐	0		No Error
13	☑	S	A0	READ	4F	☑	0		No Error

7.3 Remote On/Off by I²C Command

Set the specific output voltage and output current according to the procedures in section 7.2.

To power off, write “0” into the bit0 of control Register 0x7C.

To Power on, write “1” into the bit0 of control Register 0x7C.

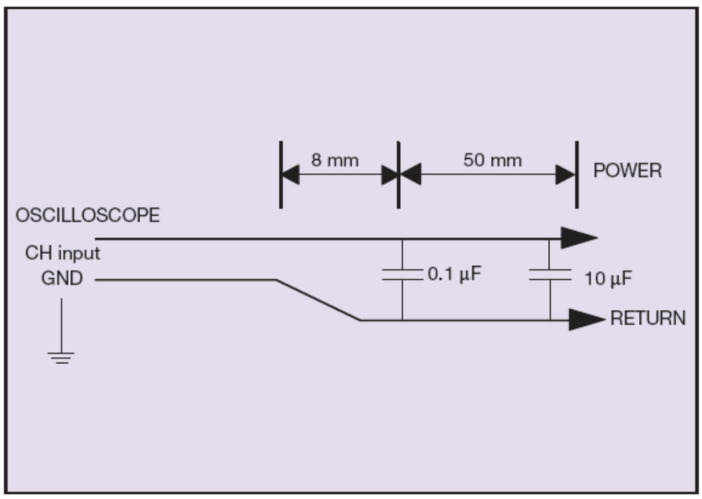
Script examples:

Seq#	Enable	Start	Address	R/W	Data	Stop?	Delay(...	Description	Status
1	☑	S	A0	WRITE	7C,84	☑	3000	power off	No Error
2	☑	S	A0	WRITE	60	☐	0		No Error
3	☑	S	A0	READ	00	☑	0	read voltage 204.57V, decease to 0V (1A load)	No Error
4	☑	S	A0	WRITE	61	☐	0		No Error
5	☑	S	A0	READ	00	☑	0		No Error
6	☑	S	A0	WRITE	7C,85	☑	2000	power on	No Error
7	☑	S	A0	WRITE	60	☐	0		No Error
8	☑	S	A0	READ	E9	☑	0	read voltage, 0x4FE9, 204.57V	No Error
9	☑	S	A0	WRITE	61	☐	0		No Error
10	☑	S	A0	READ	4F	☑	0		No Error

SECTION 7 APPLICATION NOTES

7.4 Output Ripple and Noise Measurement

The setup outlined in the diagram below has been used for output voltage ripple and noise measurements on the TF3000HV series. When measuring output ripple and noise, a scope jack in parallel with a 0.1 µF ceramic chip capacitor, and a 10 µF tantalum capacitor should be used. Oscilloscope should be set to 20 MHz bandwidth for this measurement.



SECTION 8 RECORD OF REVISION AND CHANGES

Issue	Date	Description	Originators
1.0	12.05.24	First Issue	A. Zhang
1.1	09.12.2026	Remove R mark, co-brand	A. Zhang

Note – If you have any feedback for this document, feel free to contact kathy.wang@aei.com.

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TF3000HV Series Rev.09.12.26_#1.1