



ME90 Family External Power Supplies DoE Level VI Compliant





OVERVIEW

The SL Power ME Family of external power supplies was designed to provide high power conversion efficiency, meeting the U.S. Department of Energy (DoE) Level VI efficiency and No Load power consumption requirements. In addition, this model family has enhanced Electro-Magnetic Compatibility (EMC) features offering heavy industrial ESD, AC mains surge, and RF immunity resulting in a more robust and reliable product. The ME90 model's AC mains emissions comply with FCC & EN55032 class B levels with margin. Output emissions for differential ripple and common mode voltage and current have been reduced to minimize system level EMI and system circuit interference.

For long term reliability, this model family uses high quality components to provide long life, and have been thoroughly tested and approved by regulatory agencies. See the product datasheet for more details.

This application note provides guidance for proper use, selection criteria, system design consideration and key performance data. Additional performance data is available upon request.

PROPER USE

The external power supplies have high power conversion efficiency; however they do rely on convection cooling to the surrounding environment (air) to prevent overheating or excessive internal component and external surface temperatures. Therefore, there needs to be adequate access to ambient air to ensure proper thermal performance of the power supply.

- Do not cover the power supply with blankets, clothing, pillows, or any other poor thermal conductor.
- Do not immerse the power supply in any liquid.
- Avoid dropping the power supply on hard surfaces.
- Avoid impacting the case of the power supply with any hard object.
- Use the proper power Input cord (desktop version) for the power supply.
- Use a proper mating connector for connection to the output of the power supply.

ME90 Family

• Do not exceed the power rating of the product.



PERFORMANCE VERIFICATION

Efficiency and No Load Power

The DoE Level VI efficiency and No Load performance is specified to comply at 115VAC. When measuring efficiency, care must be taken to minimize the input and output connection voltage drops as these can significantly affect the results of the measurement. Consult SLPE application notes AN-G001 and AN-G002 for more information regarding efficiency and no load power measurements.

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Output Ripple and Noise

Output noise and ripple limits are defined in the product datasheet and may vary depending on the output voltage. Consult the product datasheet prior to assessing the output ripple and noise measurement results.

Noise measurements are made at the output connector with typically a 10uF electrolytic capacitor in parallel with a 0.1uF ceramic capacitor. Use a short tip oscilloscope voltage probe when making the measurement. This is required to! eliminate measurement error due to impedance imbalance errors introduced by the scope probe ground lead length.

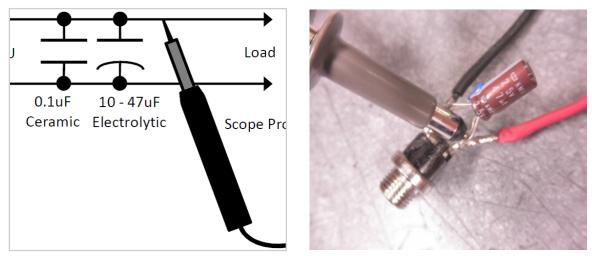


Figure 1: Noise Measurement Caps and Probe with picture of the technique.

Common mode noise is electrical signal that appears between either output and earth ground or chassis ground. This comes about due to parasitic capacitance and inductive coupling in the power supply that couples electrical energy from the primary to the secondary or from the secondary to earth ground. Although the coupling is minimized by design and construction, it cannot easily be eliminated. Be aware of any special needs in the application for low common mode noise. The Class I AC input models have lower common mode noise in general and in some case, where the output can be connected to AC/earth ground, it can be virtually eliminated.

Load and Noise filtering capacitors

The external adapters have output filtering capacitors to minimize the switching frequency voltage ripple and noise that is an artifact of the switching power conversion process. However, additional end load capacitance may be needed depending on the application. With an electronic circuitry as the load, it is recommended to add ceramic capacitors ($\sim 0.1 - 1$ uF) for noise spike reduction and electrolytic capacitors for ripple reduction and transient response voltage dip reductions. The amount of voltage dip during a transient is a function of the load step amplitude and rise/fall time of the load. The output of the power adapter is regulated in the adapter and does not compensate for the output cable voltage drop. The overall load regulation specified is measured at the adapter output connector, however.



Thermal

• No special cooling requirements are needed other than operating within the specified operating temperature range and locating the external power adapter in an environment with unencumbered access to the room ambient air.

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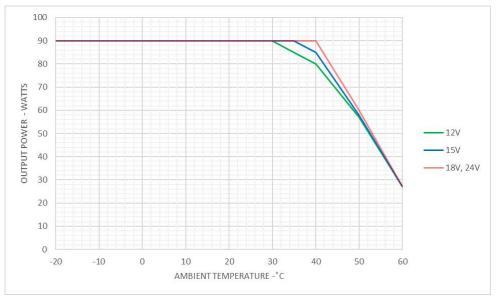


Figure 2: ME90 family derating curve

Adhere to the product datasheet derating curve when exposure to elevated temperatures is expected.



The external power supply is often handled and not permanently fixed to a structure. It could be dropped on various surfaces which can cause impact shock damage to the enclosure or internal components. To help assess the potential of damage, shock and vibration requirements should be specified and verified. Low cost products often use low cost materials and components that can limit the life of the power supply or result in permanent damage if dropped on to a hard surface.

SLPE uses FR4 PCB material (versus CEM material) which provides a higher level of quality and protection to impact shock.

Electrolytic capacitors are one of the main life limiting components used in the power supply. Selecting high quality capacitors with high life ratings are essential to achieve long product life in excess of 8 to 10 years. SL Power Electronics uses only high quality electrolytic capacitors in its ME90 model family. Calculations and measurements are performed to verify capacitor ripple current, voltage and thermal stress and life time estimations.

PERFORMANCE DATA

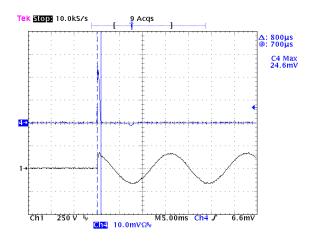
The following data is provided to aid in proper selection and system design. Additional performance data is available upon request.





INRUSH CURRENT

ME90A2403F01

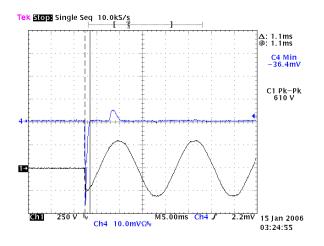


INRUSH CURRENT AT 115VAC/60Hz. OUTPUT: 24V/3.75A CH4: 10A/Div. Cold start.

l(inrush) = 24.6A peak. l²t = 0.242 A²s.

ME90A2403F01

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INRUSH CURRENT AT 230VAC/50Hz. OUTPUT: 24V/3.755A CH4: 10A/Div. Cold start.

l(inrush) = 36.4A peak. l²t = 0.729 A²s.

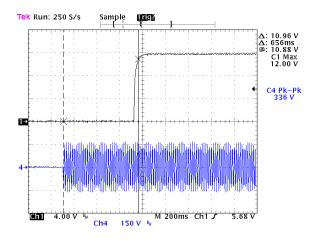




OUTPUT TURN-ON DELAY TIME

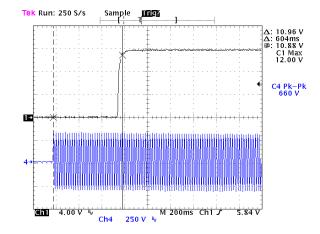
ME90 Family

ME90A1251F01



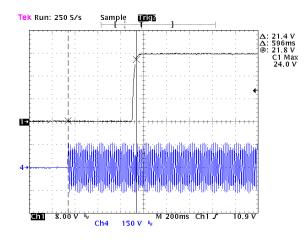
TURN-ON DELAY AT 115VAC - 7.5A LOAD

ME90A1251F01



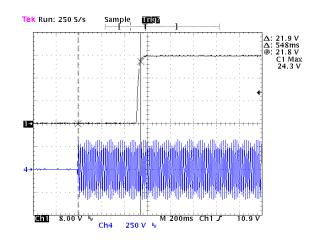
TURN-ON DELAY AT 230VAC - 7.5A LOAD

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TURN-ON DELAY AT 115VAC - 3.75A LOAD

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TURN-ON DELAY AT 230VAC - 3.75A LOAD

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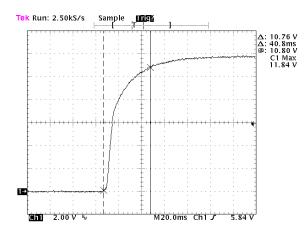




OUTPUT TURN-ON RISE TIME

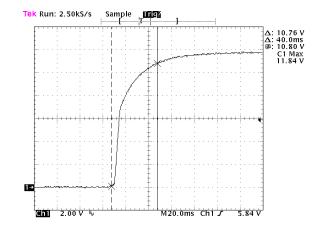
ME90 Family

ME90A1251F01



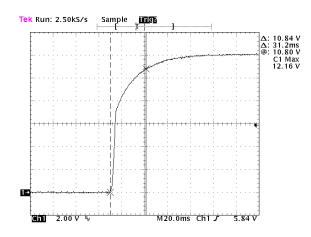
TURN-ON RISE TIME AT 90VAC - 7.5A LOAD

ME90A1251F01



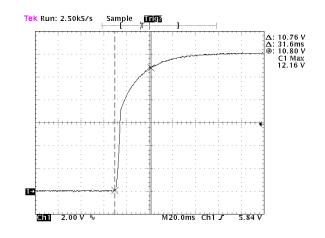
TURN-ON RISE TIME AT 264VAC-7.5A LOAD

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TURN-ON RISE TIME AT 90VAC - NO LOAD

ME90A1251F01



TURN-ON RISE TIME AT 264VAC - NO LOAD

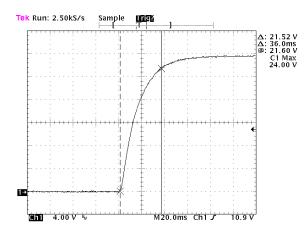




OUTPUT TURN-ON RISE TIME

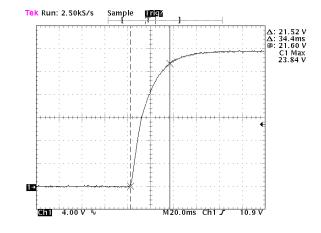
ME90 Family

ME90A2403F01



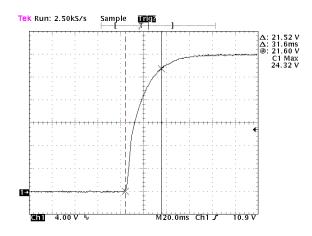
TURN-ON RISE TIME AT 90VAC - 3.75A LOAD

ME90A2403F01



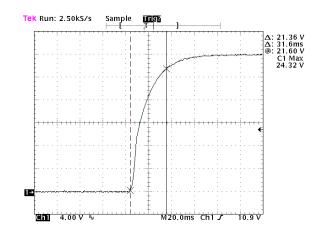
TURN-ON RISE TIME AT 264VAC - 3.75A LOAD

ME90A2403F01



TURN-ON RISE TIME AT 90VAC - NO LOAD

ME90A2403F01



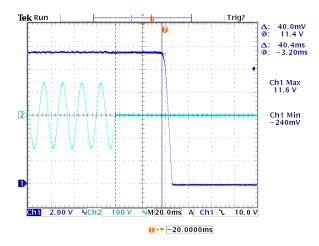
TURN-ON RISE TIME AT 264VAC - NO LOAD





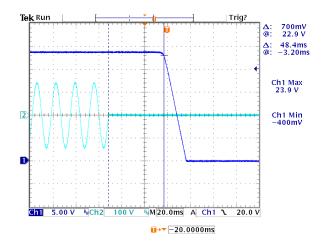
HOLD-UP TIME

ME90A1251F01



ME90 Family

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HOLD-UP TIME FROM LOSS OF AC AT 100VAC - 7.5A LOAD

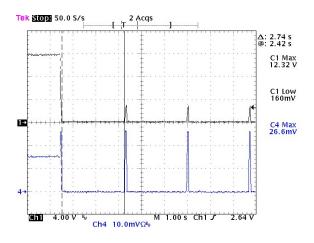
HOLD-UP TIME FROM LOSS OF AC AT 100VAC - 3.75A LOAD



OUTPUT OVER LOAD PROTECTION

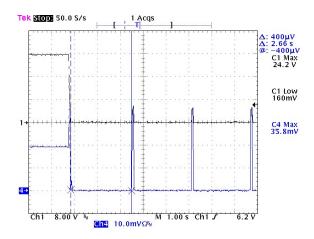
ME90 Family





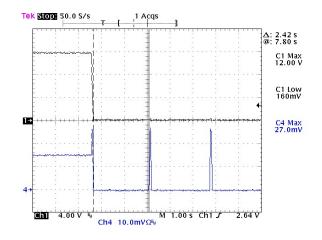
OUTPUT OVER LOAD AT 115VAC CH1: V out, CH4: OVER LOAD CURRENT (5A/10mV)

ME90A2403F01



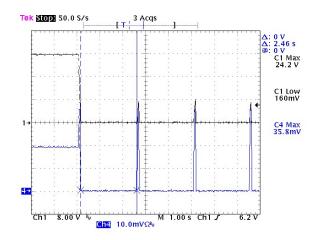
OUTPUT OVER LOAD AT 115VAC CH1: V out, CH4: OVER LOAD CURRENT (2A/10mV)

ME90A1251F01



OUTPUT OVER LOAD AT 230VAC CH1: V out, CH4: OVER LOAD CURRENT (5A/10mV)

ME90A2403F01



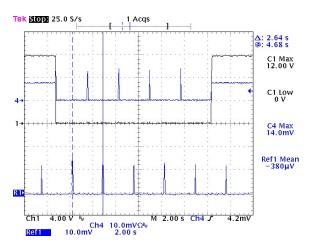
OUTPUT OVER LOAD AT 230VAC CH1: V out, CH4: OVER LOAD CURRENT (2A/10mV)



OUTPUT SHORT CIRCUIT PROTECTION

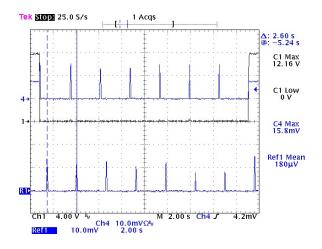
ME90 Family





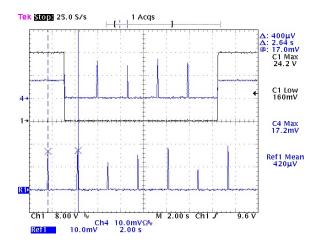
OUTPUT SHORT CIRCUIT AT 115VAC CH1: V out, CH4 & Ref1: SHORT CIRCUIT CURRENT (10A/10mV)

ME90A1251F01



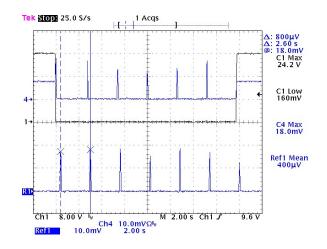
OUTPUT SHORT CIRCUIT AT 230VAC CH1: V out, CH4 & Ref1: SHORT CIRCUIT CURRENT (10A/10mV)

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OUTPUT SHORT CIRCUIT AT 115VAC CH1: V out, CH4 & Ref1: SHORT CIRCUIT CURRENT (5A/10mV)

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OUTPUT SHORT CIRCUIT AT 230VAC CH1: V out, CH4 & Ref1: SHORT CIRCUIT CURRENT (5A/10mV)

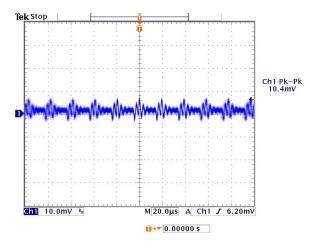




COMMON MODE CURRENT

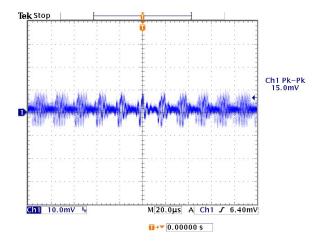
ME90 Family

ME90A1251F01



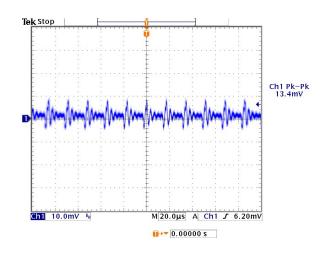
COMMON MODE CURRENT AT 115VAC -CURRENT PROBE: 1mA/mV

ME90A2403F01



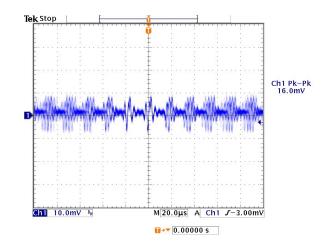
COMMON MODE CURRENT AT 115VAC -CURRENT PROBE: 1mA/mV

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COMMON MODE CURRENT AT 230VAC – CURRENT PROBE: 1mA/mV

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COMMON MODE CURRENT AT 230VAC -CURRENT PROBE: 1mA/mV

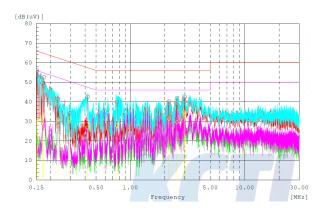




CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

ME90A1251F01

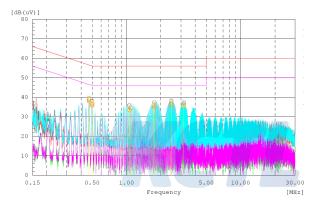
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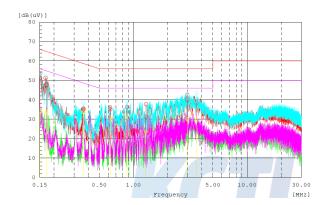
ME90 Family

EN55032 CLASS B - 230V/50Hz 100% LOAD MARGIN: > 9 dB

ME90A1251F01

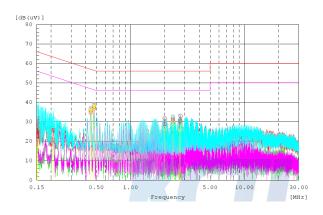


EN55032 CLASS B - 230V/50Hz 10% LOAD MARGIN: > 7 dB



FCC15 CLASS B - 115V/60Hz 100% LOAD MARGIN: > 14 dB

ME90A1251F01

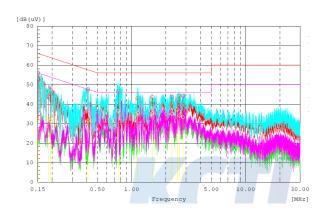


FCC15 CLASS B - 115V/60Hz 10% LOAD MARGIN: > 8 dB



ME90A2403F01

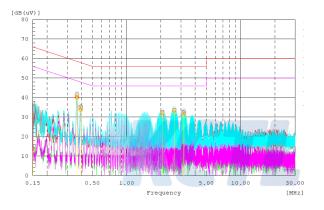
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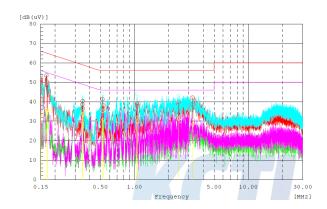
ME90 Family

EN55032 CLASS B - 230V/50Hz 100% LOAD MARGIN: > 8 dB

ME90A2403F01

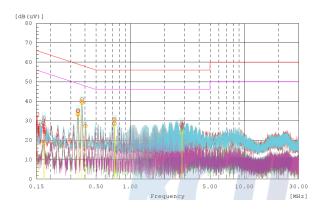


EN55032 CLASS B - 230V/50Hz 10% LOAD MARGIN: > 7 dB



FCC15 CLASS B - 115V/60Hz 100% LOAD MARGIN: > 10 dB

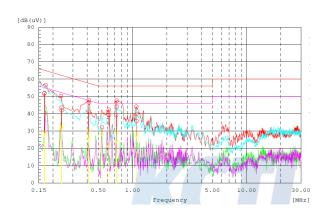
ME90A2403F01



FCC15 CLASS B - 115V/60Hz 10% LOAD MARGIN: > 8 dB



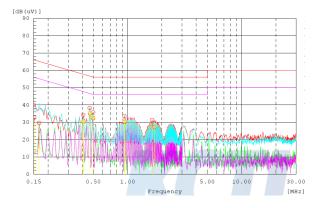
ME90A1251N01



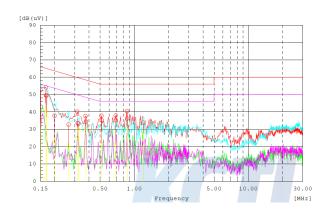
ME90 Family

EN55032 CLASS B - 230V/50Hz 100% LOAD MARGIN: > 11 dB

ME90A1251N01

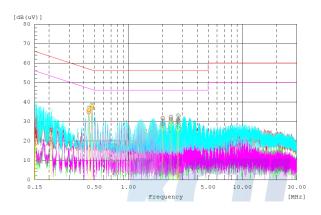


EN55032 CLASS B - 230V/50Hz 10% LOAD MARGIN: > 11 dB



FCC15 CLASS B - 115V/60Hz 100% LOAD MARGIN: > 13 dB

ME90A1251N01

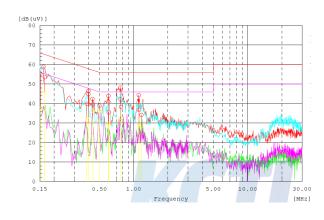


FCC15 CLASS B - 115V/60Hz 10% LOAD MARGIN: > 8 dB

ME90A1251N01



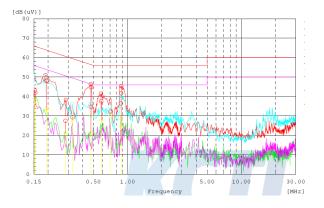
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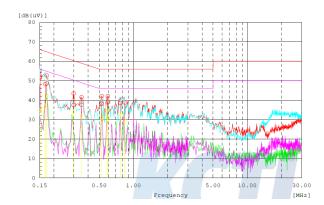
ME90 Family

EN55032 CLASS B - 230V/50Hz 100% LOAD MARGIN: > 9 dB

ME90A2403N01

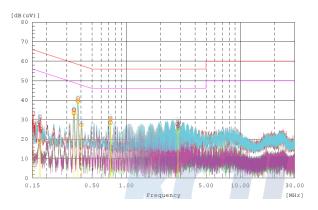


EN55032 CLASS B - 230V/50Hz 10% LOAD MARGIN: > 11 dB



FCC15 CLASS B - 115V/60Hz 100% LOAD MARGIN: > 10 dB

ME90A2403N01



FCC15 CLASS B - 115V/60Hz 10% LOAD MARGIN: > 8 dB

COMMENT

The diagram shows peak scans at both phase and neutral. Quasi-Peak and Average measurement are taken at high peaks as marked in the diagram. Margin is the difference between limit and actual measurement.

ME90A2403N01



ME90 Family



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